EASY TO SELL
A LIFE, MARINE OR FIRE POLICY
of
UNION LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
DADY HOUSE, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
WRITE TODAY FOR AGENCY TERMS AND CONDITIONS. BRIGHT SCOPE FOR INFLUENTIAL PARTIES IN BOMBAY

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

VOL. XXXV NO. 207 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Surajmal's for QUALITY DIAMONDS
359, KALBADEVI ROAD BOMBAY. Tel. 22236

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

MAHATMA ENTERS SECOND DAY OF FAST

Cheerful Inspite Of General Low Feeling

"I Will Give Up Ordeal When City Reports Normal"

CALCUTTA, September 2, (A. P. I.): Mahatma Gandhi has completed the first 28 hours of his fast for re-establishment of Hindu-Muslim unity in Calcutta and is peacefully sleeping in his residence in Belliaghata at midnight to-night. He went to bed early at 8-05 p. m.

CONDITION FOR GIVING UP FAST

"I will give up my fast as soon as the condition of the city is reported to me as normal and not before then", he told Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, the Hindu Mahasabha leader and Minister of the Indian Dominion, who was among his visitors today.

LEADERS' APPEAL TO AVERT CALAMITY

The Governor of West Bengal, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Dr. S. P. Mookherjee, Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, and other leaders have made renewed appeals to Calcutta to return to peace and save Mahatma Gandhi's precious life. Mr. Rajagopalachari has pointed out that the hours are steadily, and not too slowly, wearing Gandhiji away and danger is much nearer than during his previous fasts.

Mahatma sustained himself today on a normal quantity of water and no particular symptoms of the fast appeared excepting General low feeling.

DOCTOR'S ANXIETY

His Doctor, the Nature Cure Specialist, Dinsha Mehta, however expressed himself anxious as to how Gandhijji would stand the fast at 78 years of age and after the strain of recent months of constant touring under difficult conditions.

RETIRES EARLY

CALCUTTA, September 2 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi went to sleep early at 8-5 p.m. to-day just when he was about to complete 24 hours of the fast. He was cheerful throughout the day and according to an inmate of the Ashram, looked "quite happy."

According to the same source, Mahatma Gandhi had stated that for some time he had been groping in the dark and could not find the road. He was now happy that God had shown him way. He had, therefore, chosen it, and would be only happy even if it meant death for him.

MUKHERJI CALLS ON MAHATMA

"I will give up my fast as soon as the condition of the city is reported to me as normal—and not before then", said Mahatma Gandhi to Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, Mr. N. C. Chatterjee, and other Hindu Mahasabha leaders who called on him this afternoon.

Dr. Mookherjee requested Mahatma Gandhi to give up the fast and told him that they would do their best to help in restoring peace in the city.

Dr. Mookherjee told the Associated Press of India: "We are issuing an appeal and this will add to the responsibility of the people and everyone should realise it."

He asked Mr. Suhrawardy, who was also present during the talk, to send Muslim League National Guards to join the Hindusthan National Guards for restoring peace in the city.

There was a heavy downpur of rain outside, as Mahatma Gandhi sat up in his room for evening prayer.

WEST BENGAL PREMIER'S APPEAL FOR PEACE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2, (API): Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, Premier of West Bengal, broadcast an appeal from Calcutta station of All-India Radio this evening for the restoration of the feelings of brotherhood which had been so spectacularly demonstrated on the 15th August last in the city. He felt confident that yesterday's incidents were only due to the mischievous activities of miscreants.

Appealing to the saner elements for co-operation in the restoration of communal harmony, Dr. Ghosh said that the Police and the Military could contribute very little. It was for the people themselves to come forward, and in a spirit of brotherliness, bring back the happy relations of 15th August.

"We have in our midst the greatest man of the age, Mahatma Gandhi, who has laid the foundation of Indian Independence. With the heaviest of feeling that Saint has started his fast in this city. It is on us that the onerous task has fallen to persuade the great Mahatma to give it up. I appeal to you, let us pool our resources of the good and the noble that we have in us and save the

(Continued On Page 5)

COMPULSION ON BRITISH LABOUR

T. U. C. Agrees To Discuss Plans With Govt.

SOUTHPORT (Lancashire), Sept. 2. (Reuter): The British Trades Union Congress representing the bulk of the nation's organised workers, to-day, agreed by a large majority to discuss with the Government plans to direct—or compel—labour into undermanned basic industries.

A heated debate which several times broke out in uproar with delegates shouting and waving frenziedly from the body of the hall preceded the vote, but the loudly expressed opposition to the proposal was lost in the final show of hands. Less than 50 out of 836 delegates voted against.

The Government took sweeping powers of direction in last month's "crisis debates" in Parliament, and all that is need to put them into effect is fresh instructions to local officials on how to apply the regulations in detail.

To-day's approval by the Trades Union Congress have its General Council authority to negotiate with the Government on these details including whether workers should be moved from their home districts.

Industries most affected by manpower shortages are coal, steel, textiles and farms.

35-HOUR CURFEW IN 2 CITY AREAS

7 Killed, 12 Injured In Knife Attacks On Tuesday

BOMBAY, September 2. (A.P.I.): "The Commissioner of Police has imposed a 35-hour curfew in two areas of the city following the incidents in which 17 persons received knife injuries on Tuesday afternoon, says a press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay, tonight.

The press note adds: "Knife attacks were reported during the afternoon from Lalbaug and Parel areas. Seven of these stabbing incidents proved fatal".

"The police have taken stringent precautions to maintain the peace of the city."

CURFEW IN NORTH BOMBAY

Curfew has been ordered in the northern part of Bombay for a period of seven days from today, the hours of curfew being from 9 p.m. to 6 a.m. The order applies to the position of Lady Jamsheiji Road from its junction with Gokhale Road North to its junction with Cadell Road.

Explosion In Jewish Terrorist Arsenal

JERUSALEM, Sept. 2, (Reuter): An accidental explosion partially wrecked a Jewish terrorist arsenal in a north Tel-Aviv house to-day. One Jew was killed.

Other terrorists in the house escaped.

Troops who rushed to the spot found several bombs, electric detonators and a number of mines scattered in the debris.

Pakistan Holds Key To World Security

CANBERRA, Sept. 2, (U.P.A.): Pakistan's northern frontiers is the key to world security", said Mohammed Mirza M. Rafi, Pakistan's delegate to the Canberra Peace Conference, addressing the final session.

F. C. P. S. Examination Postponed

BOMBAY, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): In view of the 35-hour curfew in Parel area the F.C.P.S. Examination which was due to be held tomorrow, has been postponed to Saturday September 6 says an announcement from the Secretary, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Bombay.

West Bengal Ministry

CALCUTTA Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): It is learnt that Mr. Ananda Prasad Choudhury, M.L.A., and Mr. Charu Chandra Bhandari, M.L.A., are likely to be appointed to the West Bengal Ministry.

The resignations of three existing ministers, Messrs. Jadavendra Panja, Radhanath Das and Bimal Chandra Sinha have been forwarded to the Governor by Dr. P. C. Ghosh, the Premier.

Calcutta Steadily Improving

Police And Military Firing Account For 9 Killed And 29 Injured

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): The situation in Calcutta was well in hand and showed signs of sustained improvement throughout today, says a press note issued by the Government of West Bengal. The military continued to dominate in the six P. S. areas. The police opened fire on eighteen occasions. As a result of police and military firing 9 persons were killed and 29 injured. Gas was used thrice to disperse crowds.

Peace squads continued to visit the affected areas addressing the people through amplifiers and loud-speaker vans. The Hon'ble Prime Finister toured certain localities to inspect the police arrangements.

There were fewer cases of arson today.

The casualty figures for the 12 hours ended 6 p.m. according to the reports received from the hospitals were: 8 dead and 75 injured. These do not include the deaths caused by police firing and 5 dead bodies picked up by the police.

WEST PUNJAB GENERALLY QUIET

LAHORE, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): The West Punjab Government have issued the following communique:—

Big armed jathas of Sikhs who are evacuating villages in Montgomery, Sheikhupura, Sialkot and Gujranwala Districts and marching eastwards, continue to cause disturbances along the way. In Sialkot they adopted a "scorched earth" policy by burning certain villages in the police station of Qila Sobha Singh and Phillaura, which they had vacated.

The banks of the Upper Bari Doab canal and the Athilpura miner in Kasur Sub-Division have been damaged by the Sikh jathas marching along the canal banks. Military authorities have been requested to divert their traffic to metalled roads.

The Deputy Commissioner, Montgomery, has contradicted the allegation that Sikh evacuees from his district have been sent out under Muslim military escort. A Dogra Battalion under Colonel Midleton, he says, is carrying out the evacuation operations. In most cases the evacuees have taken all their movable property with them.

Except for the incidents referred to above the situation in West Punjab is generally quiet. The immense number of refugees pouring in from East Punjab forms the major problem facing the provincial administration. The number has now exceeded four lakhs and urgent calls pur, Ferozepur, Hoshiarpur, Jullunfor evacuation continue to be received from every Muslim pocket in the districts of Amritsar, Gurdasdur and Ludhiana in East Punjab.

LAHORE QUIET

LAHORE, September 2, (API): The city and the district of Lahore experienced a very quiet day on Tuesday.

There was a fatal case of stabbing reported from the Lahore railway station.

The influx of refugees and exodus of evacuees continued unabated.

EAST PUNJAB BACK TO NORMAL

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 2. (API): Except for minor incidents in rural areas in certain districts of East Punjab the situation has practically returned to normal, says a press note issued by the East Punjab Government this evening.

Ferozepur, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Amritsar are completely quiet. There has been a slight disturbance in the country-side of Ferozepur district.

A passenger from a special train carrying Muslim refugees threw a bomb at Moga railway station injuring five persons.

In Hoshiarpur rural areas the situation has considerably improved though isolated incidents are still being reported.

REFUGEES IN JAMMU

JAMMU, Sept. 2, (API): About 30,000 refugees have arrived in Jammu so far. Out of these, 15,000 have been accommodated in Jammu city and the rest have been lodged in the refugee camps opened at different places.

HYDERABAD, Sept. 2. (API): A gang of seven armed dacoits is reported to have looted the Oderolal temple and killed its caretaker at Nasarpur, 25 miles away from Hyderabad (Sind) on the night of Sunday August 31st.

The police rushed to the temple and exchanged shots with the dacoits who ultimately made good their escape with gold ornaments of the deity worth Rs. 3,000.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (API): Except for two minor stabbing incidents in Sabzamandi area Delhi is reported to be quiet to-day.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR EVACUATION OF REFUGEES

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (API): To evacuate non-Muslim refugees in

(Continued On Page 5)

MUSLIMS DEMAND RESPONSIBLE GOVT. IN KASHMIR

Memorandum To Premier Urges Release Of Politicals

SRINAGAR, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): A memorandum demanding immediate accession of Kashmir state to Pakistan and setting up of a constitution-making body to draft a constitution providing for the establishment of a responsible Government in the State was submitted today by Chaudhi Hameedullah Khan, Acting President of the All-Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference, today to the Prime Minister, General Janak Singh.

The memorandum also demanded the immediate release of all political prisoners, particularly those belonging to the Muslim Conference "who were never tried for any offence."

WALKOVER FOR CONGRESS CANDIDATES

MADRAS, Sept. 2, (U.P.I.): Reports of unopposed returns of Congressmen in municipal elections in the Madras Province are being received.

In the Calicut Municipality out of forty members twenty-four were returned unopposed. Of these sixteen are congress candidates.

In the Devakottah Municipal Council out of twenty seats ten Congressmen were returned uncontested.

In the Cannanore Municipal Council eight Congressmen were returned unopposed.

G. I. P. Line To Poona Blocked

Sequel To Fall Of Boulders Between Karjat & Lonavla

POONA, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): No trains from Bombay had arrived in Poona to-day since morning till 8 p.m., owing to the line being blocked by boulders between Karjat and Lonavla.

Enquiries showed that both the Up and Down tracks on Bombay-Poona line were cleared of the obstruction in the evening and normal traffic was expected to be restored before midnight.

All night trains from Poona are scheduled to leave for Bombay according to time table.

SPLIT IN HUNGARIAN GOVT. LIKELY

BUDAPEST, Sept. 2 (Reuter): A split in the Hungarian Government Coalition, dominated by the Communists as a result of Sunday's election, was threatened to-night. The power of the opposition, of which the Democratic Peoples Party led by Mr. Istvan Barankovics is the strongest group, may be strengthened.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER
NEW YORK, 2nd Sept.

Previous Closing	31.71
Today's Opening	31.58
Difference	—13
Today's Closing	31.45
Difference	—26

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK 2nd Sept.

Stock Exchange opening prices:
Anaconda copper mining unquoted.
General motors 59-3/8.
United States steel common 70-1/2.
United States steel preference unquoted.

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, 2nd Sept.

	Rs.
Cotton Sept.	426-0
Silver Shravan	172-0
Gold Forward	111-5
Sovereign	74-4

STOP PRESS

35 DEAD IN TRAIN DISASTER

TORONTO, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The death roll in the head-on train collision at Dugald, near Winnipeg, this morning was believed to-night to be about 35.

A passenger train crashed head-on into a stationary express setting both on fire.

GHAUS MAHOMMED'S LUCK

CHISWICK, (London), Sept. 2 (Reuter): Ghaus Mahommed, Indian Davis Cup Player, entered the third round of Men's Singles in the Chiswick Hard Court Lawn Tennis Tournament to-day after a hard game against the local player, J. Dawkins.

America To Keep Up Its Military Strength

Truman's Declaration At Defence Conference

Occupation Of Enemy Territories To Be Prolonged

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 2 (Reuter): President Truman told the Inter-American Defence conference at Petropolis here today that the United States would retain its military strength "as evidence of the seriousness with which we view our obligations to world peace".

OCCUPATION OF ENEMY TERRITORIES

The United States contemplated "prolonged military occupation of enemy territories" because the Allied Powers had not agreed on the main outlines of a peace settlement, he declared.

Calling on the nations of the western hemisphere to stand with the United States for "a world peace of free men," the President said: "The old world is exhausted, its civilisation imperilled. Its people are confuted and filled with fears for the future. Their hope must lie in this new world of ours."

QUEST FOR PEACE

The United States would pursue the quest for peace with no less persistence than it had applied to the quest for military victory, President Truman said.

The President declared: "The people of the United States engaged in the recent war in the deep faith that they were opening the way to free the world. We find that a number of nations are still subjected to the type of foreign domination which we fought to overcome. Many of the remaining peoples of Europe and Asia live under the shadow of armed aggression

WANT OF AGREEMENT AMONG POWERS

"No agreement has been reached among the Allies on the main outlines of a peace settlement", President Truman declared. "In consequence we are obliged to contemplate the prolonged military occupation of enemy territories. This is profoundly distasteful to our people.

"Almost everywhere in Europe economic recovery has lagged. Great urban and industrial areas have been left in a state of dependence of our economy which is as painful to us as it is to them. Much of this economic distress is due to paralysis of political fear and uncertainty in addition to the devastation caused by the war."

FIDELITY TO UNITED NATIONS

Pledging United States fidelity to the United Nations, Mr. Truman said: "We recognise that the United Nations has been subjected to a strain which it was never designed to bear. Its role is to maintain peace and not to make peace. It has been embroiled in its infancy in almost continuous conflict. We must be careful not to prejudice it by this unfair test. We must cherish the seedling in the hope of a mighty oak. We shall not forget obligations under the charter nor shall we permit others to forget theirs."

The President recalled United States reluctance to use armed force throughout its history, and warned: "Our aversion to violence must not be misread as lack of determination on our part to live up to the obligations of the United Nations Charter or as an invitation to others to take liberties with the foundations of international peace."

Appealing to the nations of the western hemisphere to stand with the United States for world peace and a peace of free men, the President said that united, these nations could "constitute the greatest single force in the world for the good of humanity.

Notice To Readers

Thursday September 4, being Parsi New Year day, the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Friday, September 5.

PLANS TO SHARE COMMONWEALTH DOLLAR POOL

India And Pakistan Not To Be Asked To Cut Planned Imports

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): British sterling area Dominions including India and Pakistan will confer in London as soon as possible—probably within the next two or three weeks—to decide in detail how to share the Commonwealth Dollar Pool among them.

AUSTRALIA'S MEASURES

This was officially disclosed in London to-day at the moment when Mr. Joseph B. Chifley, Australia's Prime Minister, was announcing sweeping cuts in imports from the United States to help close Australia's 85,000,000 dollar trade deficit.

India and Pakistan will not be asked to follow Australia's lead in cutting their planned dollar imports, it was said in all well-informed quarters to-day.

The most they could be expected to do would be to make some slight economies "but they could not possibly be large," it was stated.

No actual date was set for the conference but the British Government's invitation to-day proposed that "advantage should be taken" of the presence in London of the representatives from some of the Dominions for the meetings of the International Bank and the International Monetary Fund, starting on September 11.

MAJOR RESTRICTIONS

Major restrictions announced in Australia to-day included: A 20 per cent cut in import licences for American tobacco; a similar cut in imports of chassis for passenger vehicles; no further purchases of aircraft costing in dollars, apart from those already on order; a 30 per cent cut in newsprint imports; a cut of about 30 per cent in film remittances by means still to be decided.

Total saving expected from these cuts is 35,000,000 dollars annually, still leaving a 50,000,000-dollar trade deficit.

Britain has already announced cuts amounting to £228,000,000 and has made it clear that more are still to come. New Zealand has said she will do all she can.

SOUTH AFRICA'S MOVE

South Africa has not announced any cuts so far. She was criticised yesterday by Sir Miles Thomas, President of the British Society of Motor Manufacturers now in Johannesburg, who said the Union's increasing importation of United States goods might be a "bitter pill" to the British people.

Canada, the one Dominion not in the sterling area, will be present as an observer at the conference. Her dollar shortage is as acute as Britain's or even more so.

NEHRU AND LIAQUAT ALI BACK IN LAHORE

LAHORE, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): The Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan, Pandit Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan concluded their four-day joint tour of the riot affected areas of the East and West Punjab to-day when they visited Montgomery.

The party returned to Lahore in the evening.

Bosfa
Estd 1901
Fresh!
The gentle cleansing and emollient properties of Bosfa Tearose Soap make your complexion fresh, smooth and invitingly lovely as flowers at dawn.
Bosfa
TEAROSE SOAP
BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY

ROVER'S CUP

MEVALALL'S BRILLIANT PERFORMANCE

Somersets' Plucky Display

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mohan Bagan	5
Somersets	2

Mohan Bagan making their first appearance at the Cooperage in competitive soccer for the first time in a couple of years gave a refreshing display to account for the Somersets by the convincing margin of five goals to two. They have now passed into the quarter-final round of the tournament proper.

Brilliant, fast-thinking, quick-shooting inside right Mevalall scored all the goals for his side, three of them, the first three, being in a row without the opposition scoring even once. His soccer, both clever and robust was a treat to watch after the sultry and football-starved season at the Cooperage that we have seen so far. His control of the ball, his power in each leg and his determination to essay a shot whenever well-placed paid him rich dividends. With a little luck he might well have created a Rover's Cup record by having a double figure registered against his name. On two occasions he failed to score from point-blank range, once the ball hit the cross-bar and on the other occasion it went just a trifle over it. For his performance, tribute must, however, be paid to the entire pack of Mohan Bagan forwards who played unselfishly and always passed the ball to a team-mate better placed. Their short-passing, visibly suffering from lack of practise, tore gaps in the soldiers' ranks. Out-side left Nadi gave the finest performance seen at soccer headquarters this season in that position. Almost every time he got possession of the ball he dodged and side-stepped Pearce and Green and sent in a useful centre. But for the fine performance of Brockshaw, the loser's centre-half Nandy might have been instrumental in the scoring of a number of goals. His combination and understanding with N. Bose was as effective as the familiar Bhimrao-Parab combination.

Both Das and Manuel in the visitors deep defence were reliable and saved many dangerous situations but as a distributor right half Anil Dey and centre-forward Nayar displayed a fine judgment.

In their last engagement at the Cooperage, the Somerset Light Infantry, though beaten, were seen perhaps at their best. For once we saw the team as unit instead of groups of individuals. Their forward line often assumed dangerous proportions and once, when they fought back a love-three deficit to within one goal, memories were revived of another soldier combination the B.B.R.C. and their fighting qualities. If they failed it was because they had no Nayar or Raymond to distribute the ball soundly. Mole and Winship, who scored the fourth and fifth goals of the match, the first and second goals for their side, were good, but unfortunately in patches. Gower, at outside right, mixed some capital centres with some very poor ones. Stone was, as usual efficient if somewhat less resourceful and as usual was beaten many times through no fault of his.

The Teams:

Mohan Bagan—D. Sen; S. Das and Manuel, Anil Dey, T. Das and Mahabir; R. Das(Mevalall, Nayar, N. Bose and S. Nandy.

Somesets—Stone; Pearce and Dandoo; Green, Brockshaw and O'Donnell, Sobey, Mole, Winship, Warwick and Kendall.

Referee—Gopalan.

Wednesday evening at 5-40 p.m. Rangers vs G.I.P.

C. C. I. BADMINTON

TWO TITLES FOR LEWIS & CHINOY

Mrs. Soman Loses Two Finals

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Both Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and George Lewis won their last two engagements to complete meritorious doubles. In the first match of the evening Miss Chinoy outclassed Mrs. Soman in no uncertain manner and often made her look less than mediocre.

If Mrs. Soman failed to put up any fight against Miss Chinoy, Shirke was even more unsuccessful, collecting only 10 points in two games. Lewis was always the master of the situation and even looked like winning the match without conceding a point.

In the ladies' doubles final that followed Miss Talyarkhan and Miss Chinoy were extended by Mrs. Soman and Miss Nigudkar. The losers were, however, fortunate to win the second game.

In the men's doubles finals Lewis and Mugwe earned a convincing victory largely due to the brilliance of the latter who was the presiding genius of the match. After being down 12—14 in the first game they went on to win the requisite five points and the game. In the second they drew level after being down 10—14.

Ladies singles—finals.

Miss M. Chinoy beat Mrs. R. Soman 11—1, 11—9.

Men's singles—finals.

Lewis beat Shirke 15—5, 15—5.

Ladies doubles—finals.

Miss Talyarkhan and Miss Chinoy beat Miss Nigudkar and Mrs. Soman 15—9, 12—15, 15—4.

Men's doubles—finals.

Lewis and Mugwe beat Shroff and Ferreira 17—14, 17—14.

SOPHER'S CASE DOES NOT APPLY TO 'TRUSTS INTER VIVOS'

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice Sir Leonard Stone and Mr. Justice Coyajee).

Framroz Dadabhoy Madon and another ..... Appellants (Original defendants 1 & 4)

Versus.

Tehmina Sam Lakdawalla and others ..... Respondents (Original plaintiffs & defendants 2 & 3).

A decision of outstanding importance to the effect that the recent ruling of the Privy Council in the well-known case of Sopher vs. the Administrator-General of Bengal does not apply to trusts "inter vivos" was given on 14th August by Their Lordships reversing the judgment of Mr. Justice Chagla.

The question arose on an Originating summons for the construction of a Deed of Settlement executed by the plaintiff on 28th June 1938 The plaintiff and defendants 1 and 2 are the present trustees. This Trust Deed provided that after the death of the settlor, he property was to be held on trust for her children or any issue born during her life of any of her children in such shares and in such manner as she might by her will appoint; and in default of appointment in trust equally for such of her sons as should attain eighteen and for such of her daughters as should attain that age or marry. The trial judge, Mr. Justice Chagla held that the disposition to persons unborn at the date of the Trust Deed clearly did not confer the whole of the remainder after the life interest in favour of the plaintiff. The trial judge felt bound by the Privy Council decision in sopher's case and following the case Baria vs. Baria in which it was applied to trusts inter vivos, he held the dispositions in favour of the unborn to be void. Defendants 1 and 4 appealed.

JUDGMENT.

Allowing the appeal, Their Lordships observed, "not only are the circumstances attaching to dispositions of property by will, which speaks from a future date, that is to say, the death of the testator, fundamentally different from those which prevail in the case of transfer of property by an instrument inter vivos, which speaks from the moment of its execution, but the language and scheme of the group of Sections instituted 'of void bequests' in the Indian Succession Act.... is substantially different from the corresponding group of sections of the Transfer of Property Act 1882..... Far from creating one code of one system with regard to dispositions in favour of the unborn generally, two different sets of restrictive regulations have been placed on the Statute Book, the earlier directed to imposing restraint on testamentary dispositions which become operative only on the death of the owner of the property, and the latter on the freedom of transfer of property inter vivos, which must always be for some cinsideration, be it pecuniary or for natural love and affection".

Their Lordships proceeded to point out, "Section 113 of the Indian Successions Act 1925,.... corresponds to Section 13 of the Transfer of Property Act 1882, and not only is the word 'comprise' in the former Act replaced for the word 'extends' in the latter Act, but to the latter section there is but a single simple illustration, whereas Section 113 of the Succession Act, has four illustrations of a wider and more complex character. Further, the important section 20 of the Transfer of Property Act finds no place....in the Succession Act.... In my judgment sopher's case has been wrongly applied to the trusts of a settlement, for except for the passage at page 869 (46 Bom. L.R.) .... it does not lay down any general principle which could be applied to the Transfer of Property Act or for the construction of any other Act than the Indian Succession Act 1925". In Their Lordships opinion, reading sections 13 and 20 together, the word "extends" in Section 13 was confined to the subject matter of the transfer and not to the certainty of its vesting, whilst the illustration to Section 13 makes it clear that the trust must create a beneficial interest which is absolute in quality. Their Lordships therefore held that in the present case the trusts in favour of the unborn provided for the absolute disposal of the whole of the property were not incapable of taking effect and were valid. As regards the power of appointment, if it was to be exercised by the will of Bai Tehmina, it must be read into the settlement to ascertain what its result might be. Their Lordships expressly stated that they made no pronouncement in anticipation of the exercise of this power.

Mr. M. M. Jhaveri instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kola and Co., appeared for the appellants.

Mr. M. J. Mistree and Mr. N. A. Palkhivala instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for respondent 1.

Mr. K. B. Bharucha instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., appeared for respondent 2.

DISPUTES AMONG CEMENT COMPANIES

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar).

The Cement Marketing Co. of India Ltd. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

The Rohtas Industries Ltd. & others .. Defendants.

The plaintiffs had taken out this notice of motion against the Rohtas Industries Ltd. and the Dalmia Cement Ltd. to restrain them pending the disposal of the suit from delivering, exporting or consigning any cement manufactured by them to any person other than the plaintiffs or as directed by the plaintiffs or from establishing or maintaining selling depots.

In June 1942 the Associated Cement Cos. Ltd. (defendants 3) which is an amalgamation of several cement manufacturing concerns, the Patiala Cement Co. Ltd. (defendants 4), the Rohtas Industries Ltd., (defendants 1), and the Dalmia Cement Ltd. (defendants 2), entered into an agreement with the plaintiffs by which they agreed to appoint the plaintiff company as their sole and exclusive sales managers for 10 years. The price of cement was to be fixed by the plaintiff company. The cost of production of the Dalmia group had always been higher than that of the A.C.C. group.

Negotiations were carried on with the Government in October 1946 and an agreement with regard to the price to be charged from 1-11-46 to 30-4-47 was arrived at between the plaintiffs and the defendants. When the time for revision of prices arrived, figures were supplied to Government that the increase in cost of the A.C.C. amounted to Rs. 6-7-0 per ton and that of the Dalmia group to 9-12-0 per ton. The Director-General of Civil Supplies granted an increase of Rs. 5/- per ton. Defendants 1 and 2 alleged that in accepting this rate, the plaintiff company had acted in total disregard of their intereats as by selling cement at those rates a reasonable margin of profit would not be left for them, and that therefore they were justified in breaking away and selling their cement direct to the public. The plaintiffs therefore took out this notice of motion.

After a protracted hearing, on defendants 1 and 2 undertaking not to sell cement to anybody other than the plaintiffs or as the plaintiffs may direct and not to establish any sales depot until the hearing and final disposal of the suit, no order was made by His Lordship on the Notice of Motion but the hearing of the suit was expedited and fixed for 27th October, 1947, subject to overnight part-heard.

The Advocate-General and Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Payne & Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. H. D. Banaji, Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. N. A. Mody instructed by Messrs. Kanga & Co. appeared for defendants 1 and 2.

Mr. M. L. Maneksha instructed by Messrs. Payne & Co. appeared for the A.C.C. and the Patiala Cement Cos. Ltd.

Important Encyclical Expected Soon

By JOHN TALBOT, Reuter's Staff Correspondent in Rome

VATICAN City, (Reuter): An important pontifical document, probably in the form of an Encyclical Letter addressed to the Catholic Bishops throughout the world, will be published shortly, it is learned here.

The encyclical will be issued in commomoration of the four hundredth anniversary of the death of St. Gaetano of Thiene, which fell on August 7.

Leading spokesman in the religious reforms of the 16th century, Patriarch of the Regular Clergy, St. Gaetano of Thiene, with his foundation of the Institute of Teatines, opened the way to a series of Orders of the Regular Clergy which throughout the ages have been one of the strongest supports of the Papacy and of the Church.

Rome saw him as a humble pilgrim, as Apostolic Pronotarian, as an apostle of charity at the hospital of St. James, and martyred during the sacking of Rome.

The Order of the Teatines commemorated the anniversary of his death with a series of conferences last May, culminating with a meeting addressed by the Minister of Education, Dr. Guido Gonella, who spoke of St. Gaetano and the development of Catholic Reform.

Welshman Is "Ancient Briton"

VATICAN CITY, (Reuter).—An amusing tale is told here of one of the Pope's recent audiences granted to a group of tourists. A Welsh Protestant doctor, Dr. Mostyn Williams, of Bethesda, North Wales, was in the group.

As the Pope shook hands with each person, he asked the country from which he had come.

After shaking hands with Dr. Williams, the Pope looked at him and asked: "You are English?"

"No," replied Dr. Williams, "Welsh."

The Pope looked slightly puzzled. Then his face cleared.

"Ah, from Wales," he said with a smile. "Then you are British."

"Yes," said Dr. Williams, "Ancient British."

Foreign Collections

COLLECTIONS are quickly and economically made through the National City's world wide chain of branches and correspondents located in every commercially important city of the world.

This system of rapid transfer of funds, developed through years of practical experience to meet the needs of businesses everywhere, is at your disposal.

Let us fit National City service to your needs.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Head Office: 55 Wall Street, New York

Incorporated With Limited Liability Under the National Bank Act of the United States of America

First in World Wide Banking

ACTIVE OVERSEAS BRANCHES

ARGENTINA: Buenos Aires, Flores, Plaza Once, Rosario
BRAZIL: Rio de Janeiro, Pernambuco, Santos, Sao Paulo
CANAL ZONE: Balboa, Cristobal
CHILE: Santiago, Valparaiso
CHINA: Shanghai, Tientsin
HONG KONG
COLOMBIA: Bogota, Barranquilla, Medellin
CUBA: Havana, Cuatro Caminos, Galiano, La Lonja, Cienfuegos, Cardenas, Manzanillo, Matanzas, Santiago
ENGLAND: London, 117, Old Broad St., 11, Waterloo Pl.
INDIA: Bombay, Calcutta
JAPAN: Tokyo (Limited)
MEXICO: Mexico City
PERU: Lima
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: Manila
PUERTO RICO: San Juan, Arecibo, Bayamon, Caguas, Mayaguez, Ponce
REPUBLIC OF PANAMA: Panama
SINGAPORE
URUGUAY: Montevideo
VENEZUELA: Caracas

United States Retain Davis Cup

Ted Schroeder's Thrilling 70-Game Tussle With Dinny Pails

FOREST HILLS, New York, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Ted Schroeder (United States) beat Dinny Pails (Australia) 6/3, 8/6, 4/6, 8/11, 10/8, in the first of the two remaining singles of the Davis Cup challenge round, thus retaining the trophy for the United States.

The United States were leading 2/1 after winning both singles on Saturday and losing the doubles to John Bromwich and Colin Long yesterday in a surprise result which kept the event open.

The hard-fought five-set match, which gave the United States the Davis Cup for another year, was packed with thrills.

Ted Schroeder, after an easy passage through the first set, found he was coming up against something stiffer than he thought in the second, and in the thirteenth game with the score level at six all he took off his shoes and played in his bare feet until the eighth game of the fifth set.

After his slow start Dinny Pails rallied magnificent, and only dropped the final set after a grand struggle.

The last three sets were filled with exciting rallies as Schroeder was generally a game behind, due to Pails serving first. Both men made many wonderful placements but also piled up errors on easy shots.

Pails had the match point in the fourteenth game of the last set, when he was leading 7/6, but Schroeder dashed into the net to kill the return that should have carried the match, tieing up the game and then won the next two points.

In the seventeenth game Schroeder broke through Pails' service after Pails had twice had the advantage point.

Schroeder's cross-court placement caught Pails out or position, and then the Australian drove out after a long rally.

The eighteenth game went easily to Schroeder, who brought off two smasing services.

The evenness of the match was shown by the figures: Pails: 34 games 64 placements, 218 total points.

Schroeder: 37, games, 58 placements 222 total points.

Later Qack Kramer (United States) defeated John Bromwich (Australia) 6/3, 6/2, 6/2, in the final match of the Davis Cup challenge round singles. The game was chiefly featured by Kramer's speed.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Visiting Teams Handicapped By Rain In Rovers Cup

(By J. C. MAITRA)

Rarely have we seen good games being ruined by rains as they were done during the last few days. The Cooperage, which has the reputation of being the best drained football ground in India, presented at times the appearance of a lake and at others a quagmire. To expect anything like good or scientific football on it was out of the question. Most of the visiting teams, who are unaccustomed to the surface of the kind mentioned above were in a sad plight. Although all of them barring only the Lucknow teams, who were mostly barefooted, played in boots, they could never feel at home.

Needless to mention the W.I.F.A. suffered badly in the matter of attendances and gate-receipts. They will have to think ten times in future, before they choose the dates for their premier tournament.

MOST PITIED TEAM

The team which is to be pitied most is the young Athletic Sports Club from Chaibassa (Bihar). They were actually called upon to play on a lake! There are many people who felt that the match should have been postponed. It is true the rain had stopped for the time-being in the afternoon. But the ground did not give any chance to the visitors. They were hopelessly at sea. Still the glimpses they gave of their attainments easily marked them out as a combination far above the average. Given a dry ground they would surely have given Trades, our local Champions, a good run for their money, if not beaten them. But they had to return home with a big score of 4-0 against them. I hope they will return next year and show their powers under normal conditions.

MERRY-GO-ROUND BELIES REPUTATION

I cannot, however, offer the same excuse on behalf of Merry-Go-Round from Hyderabad. I was told that three or four of their best players could not make the journey to take part in their first—and it happened to be their last,—match. Still they showed nothing against a mediocre side like the G. I. P. Railway to justify their big reputation. Probably they might have fared better, if they had adopted the kick-and-run tactics which the treacherous ground conditions demanded. The Railway exploited the situation cleverly and won the day by the substantial margin of 3-1. It remains to be seen how they tackle Rangers, who got rid of a disjointed Tata XI with care in the second round, in their next engagement.

BANGALORE IN SEMI-FINAL

Among the up-country teams, the young men from Bangalore have created an excellent impression. Our old friends, Murthy and "Douglas" Swamy of the W.I.A.A. Staff and H.O.U. respectively, and such noted stalwarts as Murugesh and Sampangi of East Bengal illumine their composition. Bangalore might have been eliminated, by the Roylis in their debut. But they managed to survive after a gallant fight. Then they elbowed out New Delhi Heroes in whose ranks we found the great hockey player, Gentle, fighting in his usual position. There was no question about the superiority of the winners. But I have little doubt that the battle might have provided a more attractive fare than the sodden conditions permitted on Monday. In the absence of East Bengal, the South Indian side has walked into the penultimate round pretty comfortably. Now they will meet the winners of the Rangers—G.I.P. Railway match.

BRILLIANCE THROUGH CLOUDS

At the time of writing, Mohun Bagan the crack Calcutta team, had not played their first match yet. But in their practice match against Tatas on Sunday they overwhelmed the local combination in such an easy manner that they left no doubt in anybody's mind that they would take a lot of beating.

South Stafford and the Delhi Moghals are also to appear yet. If reputation has any meaning, we may expect them to delight the Cooperage-goers by their brilliant performances. Let us hope—and pray—that the clerk of the weather gives us a few days' respite so that the remaining matches of the tournament may be staged under happy conditions.

FLYING TO SPORTING EVENTS

May Reach New Peak Next Year

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Sports leaders the world over are becoming more and more air-minded but perhaps most reluctant to adopt this mode of travel have been the governing bodies of cricket.

India set the fashion in the cricket when her team flew to England for the tour of last season.

Now close on the announcement that the Indian team will fly to Australia for the tour later this year, comes the news from Australia that air travel promises to play an important part in the big programme of first-class cricket matches to be played in the Commonwealth this coming season.

In addition to the tour by the Indians, an enlarged Sheffield competition will be played, with Western Australia competing for the first time. As a result, the States may be asked to send their teams by air for some of the fixtures in order to bring about a balanced shield programme which is to be drawn up in the next week or two. Last season Queensland sent its shield team by air on its southern tour.

Flying to sporting events is expected to reach a new peak next year with teams flying to Olympic Games in London. South Africa has already announced that her contingent will fly to London and Australia and New Zealand are considering the idea. Benefit from flying a team is obviously great. In the case of Australia and New Zealand for instance, the journey by ship to England takes five weeks which means that unless they arrive in England at least a month before the Games begin they have little chance of regaining their home form.

SAPAT LOTION

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR RINGWORM, ECZEMA & OTHER SKIN DISEASES

UNRIVALLED SINCE 50 YEARS

Sold Everywhere

SAPAT & CO., LTD.

BOMBAY, 2.

Sing Tao Players Catch Scouts' Eye

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Football club scouts looking for promising players to strengthen their teams don't let grass grow under their feet. Chinese soccer team, Sing Tao Sports from Hong Kong, have played only three matches but already they have been under the microscope.

First to attract attention is Chu Wing Reung, about whom Blackburn Rovers made enquiries recently. The answer was that the offer could not be entertained.

Chu An inside-right is 26 and has shown versatality by playing inside-left against Dulwich hamlet and at centre-forward against Athonian League.

David Wall, former Millwall goalkeeper, who is acting as Sing Tao trainer, says there is little chance of any of the Chinese turning professional. Apart from the fact that they may not fit into English football they will be anxious after three months away from China to get home again.

U. S. Jockey Rides Record Number Of Winners

INGLEWOOD, California: (Reuter): Riding twelve winners at Hollywood Park in one week, Johnny Longden brought his total of winners on the course this season to 67—a record. Previous best on the course in a season was Ferril Zufelt's total of 61 in 1941.

COMPTON SCORES 16 CENTURIES

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Denis Compton, 29-year old England and Middlesex cricketer to-day scored his 16th century of the season to equal the record of Jack Hobbs, who accomplished such a feat in 1925.

Compton made 139 when batting for Middlesex in the champion county's last championship game of the season against Lancashire at Lord's.

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter): A feature of county championship cricket today was the brilliant 270 not out by Len Hutton, the Yorkshire and England opening batsman and holder of the world test record score. His score today is the highest individual score of the season, beating 267 by Bill Edrich.

PAKISTAN OLYMPIC ASSOCIATION

LONDON, Sept. 2, (Reuter): Pakistan's sports envoy Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, who is flying to the United Kingdom to seek affiliation of the newly formed Pakistan Olympic Association to International Amateur Athletic Federation, can rest assured of every assistance and consideration in his mission, Mr. E. J. Holt, Director of Organisation for the Olympic games in London next year, told Reuter today.

He said: "We shall be pleased to entertain any proposals he may have regarding affiliation of Pakistan to the International Amateur Athletic Federation and the International Olympic Committee. When these formalities are completed, we should certainly send Pakistan an invitation to compete in the 1948 Olympic Games".

Wellington Club Cricketers For Poona

Fourteen members of the Wellington Cricket Club are leaving for Poona to play a series of matches. The fixtures arranged are the Poona Club Gymkhana on Sunday the 7th instant and the Naoroji Wadia College Gymkhana on Monday the 8th instant.

The party will leave by the Poona Mail leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-10 p.m. on Saturday the 6th instant.

The following will comprise the team: P. D. Madon (Captain), R. N. Bharucha (Wicket-Keeper), R. P. Khodaiji P. R. Umrigar, B. R. Irani, D. H Talati, D. A. Bharucha, N. R. Kanga A. J. Rutnagar, K. K Irani, R. N Mehta S. R. Sethna, P. F. Kanga, C. N. Athugar.

Edrich Not To Play In West Indies Tour

LONDON, Sept. 2, (Reuter): W. J. Edrich, Middlesex and England all-rounder, has informed the M.C.C. that he is unable to accept the invitation to tour West Indies with the Cricket Team next winter.

His letter, declining the invitation, stated that he was anxious to establish himself in his business which he has been unable to do this summer. Edrich added that having played continuously for nearly 18 months, he felt that a complete winter's break would ensure his feeling fit for the strenuous cricket ahead next summer when the Australians visit England.

Flyers Plan Round-World Trip Without Landing

NEW YORK, (Reuter).

Ted Thompson and Hunter C. Moody, young American flyers, are to attempt a non-stop around the world flight in a Piper Cub, a small plane with a 100-horse power engine.

Refuelling will follow an arrangement similar to the mail pick-up method. The arrangement requires one pass after another over a refuelling station until 100 or more gallons of petrol have been hoisted and emptied into an auxiliary tank, five gallons at a time, from plastic containers. It will take from one to one-and-a-half hours to refuel each time. Thompson told the press.

Thompson expects to take off from La Guardia Field, New York, with the little plane carrying a maximum load of almost 1,440 pounds. A special landing gear will be dropped after the plane is airborne so that 15 miles an hour can be added to the cruising speed.

The places over which they plan to refuel include Gander Newfoundland; Shannon, Ireland; Athens; Basra, Iraq; Karachi and Calcutta, India; Hongkong; Shanghai; Tokyo; Agattu, in the Aleutian Islands; Kiska and Anchorage Alaska; Edmonton, Canada; and Chicago.

Thompson and Moody, both 35-year-old, expect to do the 20,762 miles trip in ten days. The Cub cruises at about 100 miles an hour.

The World's Greatest SKIN REMEDY

Soothes, Purifies, Heals— Renowned for over 50 years

ZAM-BUK purely herbal ointment is known the world over as the most successful treatment and quick antiseptic healer of all skin injuries and diseases.

The refined herbal oils in Zam-Buk are easily absorbed by the pores. They cleanse damaged or diseased skin tissues of attacking parasites or poison, and quickly banish pain, festering, inflammation, and swelling. Unpleasant discharge is dried up, and the skin is healed quickly and perfectly.

Zam-Buk is excellent for treatment of all skin injuries and diseases from pimples and rashes to serious cases of flesh-eating ulcers, psoriasis, eczema, bad legs and foot sores—keep a box always handy!

Use Zam-Buk

WORLD-FAMOUS HERBAL OINTMENT

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fat

Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., LTD., P. O. Box 937, Bombay.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri
Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

For FINE FLAVOUR
For SWEET LIQUOR
For STRENGTH and
For SATISFACTION
USE
PRABHAT TEAS
PRABHAT TEA & COFFEE (India) LTD.
COONOOR R. S. (Nilgiris).

Tomorrow Being Pateti
Matinee at 1 p.m.
Hear MADHOK'S SWEET SONGS IN—
DO-DIL
the JAMUNA PRODUCTION
SURAIYA KARAN DIWAN & MOTILAL
AT
NEW WEST-END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
(Adv. Booking 10 to 12: 4 to 6 p.m.)

From FRIDAY!
CITY-LIGHT
—: Matunga (B.B.) :—
Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
Torture of Truth and Justice
RAMSHASTRI
A PRABHAT Picture
JAGIRDAR, HANSA WADKER
Last 2 Days:
'PURPLE MONSTER STRIKES'

3rd WEEK
KEDAR SHARMA'S Musical Drama
NEEL KAMAL
BEGUM PARA, RAJ KAPOOR, MUMTAZ
at
LAMINGTON
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30.
Sun. 1-15 p.m.
EDWARD
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

A Ruling Princess TURNED A BEGGAR For Her LOVE!
HIND PICTURES' Revolutionary Historical
MALIKA
Directed by: NAZIR
—: Starring :—
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
KASHMIRI : RIAZ
Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-30
Tomorrow Matinee at 1 p.m.
CAPITOL ★ KAMAL BROADWAY
Ad. Booking: 9-30 to 12-30
And 2-30 to 5

RANJIT'S
BELA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
To-morrow Matinee 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12
MINERVA

MATINEE TOMORROW 1 P.M.
DIN PICTURES'
Smart Social
JACKPOT
Producer M. A. MUGHNI
Direction M. SADIQ
Music GHULAM HAIDAR
Starring SURAIYA, SADIQ ALI, SULOCHANA CHATTERJI
DRAWING FULL HOUSES AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 Thurs. 1 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12 noon.
JAI HIND Byculla
Daily: 1, 3-45, 6-45, 9-45 p.m.
A "SELECT" Release

3rd WEEK OF POPULARITY JAYASHAKTI'S
SWASTIK
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
JAYASHAKTI'S Inspiring Musical
MERA GEET
Producer: RAMESH GUPTA
Sushil Kumar, Naseem Jr.
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

GALA PREMIERE NEXT SATURDAY
MANGAL PICTURE'S Smash Hit
JAI MALHAR
Starring. LALITA PAWAR, SUMATI GUPTE, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, JOG, CHANDRAKANT
Plans Open Today 10 to 12 5 To 6 P. M.
A 'JAI HIND' Release
MAJESTIC

ON THE STAGE OF ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
See PRITHVIRAJ with UZRA MUMTAZ and KANWAL KAPOOR in
DEEWAR
on TURS. 4th and TUESDAY 9th 9-30 a.m.
PATHAN
on SAT. 6th and Sun. 7th MORNING 9-30 a.m.
Plans Open
Book Early

B. E. S. T. DISPUTE BEFORE INDUSTRIAL COURT

Counsel For Company Explains Official Policy

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At the resumed hearing of the dispute between the management and the Scheduled Staff Union of the B.E.S.T. Company before Sir Harsidhbhai Divatia, President of the Industrial Court, Mr. R. J. Kolah, counsel for the company gave to-day a brief explanation for the procedure of the promotion of the Company's staff.

Replying to the demand of the employees seeking amalgamation of certain grades on the technical side of the staff, Mr. Kolah pointed out that there was no efficiency bar in the technical grades, promotion to which depended on vacancies, seniority and efficiency. He said that with the amalgamation of grades junior members will be on the same footing as the senior members, and the latter were therefore likely to be against amalgamation.

Referring to the demand for dearness allowance Mr. Kolah contended that those getting more than Rs. 200 per month could not ask for dearness allowance as a matter of right.

The hearing is proceeding.

R. I. FOR IMPORTING BAJRI

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Six persons, who were arrested at Victoria Terminus, and suburban railway stations while attempting to import individually a total of 173 lbs. of Bajri, were sentenced by J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate to rigorous imprisonment ranging from 2 weeks to 4 months.

RISHI FOR PARIS SPIRITUAL CONGRESS

BOMBAY Sept. 1 (API.) Mr. V. D. Rishi, Organiser of the Indian Spiritualists' Society has been invited to attend the World Spiritual Congress, which will be held at Paris from September 17 to 20

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 3, 2003.
Muslim: Shaval 17, 1366.
Parsi: Gatha 5, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-24 a.m., Sunset: 6-52 p.m.
Hightide: 01-18, 13-33 Lowtide 07-40, 20-06.

NOTICE TO JURORS

Common Jurors attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

Today's Engagements

KACH KATHIAWAD JAMIATUL MUSLEMEEN: Meeting will be held to-day at 9-30 p.m. at Shahru Castle, Mohamedali Road, to elect its office-bearers for the current year.

RADICAL STUDENTS UNION: Members meeting at Girgaum office of Union today Wednesday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY TAMIL SANGHAM: Lecture on 'Tamil Literature To-day' by Mr. S. Ananthanarayanan at the Sangham premises at 8.30 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Notes on the Bhagavad-Gita will be taken up to-day at 6-15 at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp Flora Fountain.

TEN MINUTES SPEECHES AT MAZDAZNAN: To-day (Wednesday) at 6.15 p.m at Alexandra Girls' School Hall Waudby Road. Several speakers will deliver ten minutes speech on religious subjects on 'Benefits they have derived from Wednesday lecture of Dasturji Bode."

DAHISAR VILLAGE PANCHAYAT: Mr. Hariprasad Desai has been elected President (Sarpanch) of the Village Panchayat, Dahisar of Bombay Suburbs and Mr. Purshottam ... Kini has been elected as Vice-President (Dy. Sarpanch)

A.I.T.U.C.: The Sec... Meeting of the General Council will be held on 6th and 7th Sept. 1947, at R. M. Bhatt High School, Parel. The meeting will elect a Delegation for the Asian Regional Conference at the I. L. O. to be held at New Delhi from 27th October, 1947. It will also discuss the situation arising from the starting of the Indian National Trade Union Congress and also the question of a central organisation of Trade Unions in the Pakistan Dominion. All affiliated Unions are required to send nominations for a delegate and 12 advisers for the Asian Regional Conference of the I. L. O. Nominations must reach the A.I.T.U.C. Office on or before the 6th Sept.

POSTAL HOLIDAY: Monday the 8th September, 1947, will be a Post & Telegraph holiday, on account of "Gokul Ashtami". All the Departments of the Bombay G.P.O. and the Town Sub-Offices including the Telegraph Branches of the Combined Offices will observe on that day, the same working hours as on Sundays.

SUBURBAN SOUTH INDIAN UNION, VILE PARLE: The following office-bearers have been elected for the year 1947-48.

President: Mr. S. Krishniar, Chairman: Mr. E. R. V. Raghavan B.A., B. Com. (I) Hony. Secretaries: Mr. A. R. P. Iswar, and Mr. C. L. Krishna.

TEXTILE LABOUR UNION, BOMBAY: The Secretary of the Union writes: The workers of the Weaving Department Day Shift (August) of the Tata Mills, Parel have contributed Rs. 141/- to the "Times of India" Ramdas Relief fund on the 31st of August 1947.

REVIEW OF BOXING MATCH

To-day at 8.30 a.m. Mr. F. Thornback will broadcast a summary review of the boxing match between India and Ceylon to be played on Tuesday. This can be heard on 244 and 41.44 metres.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay received the Hon. Prime Minister, the Hon. Sir Leonard Stone, and Mr. A. R. Miller at Government House.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—I

244 meters (1231 kc/s). 7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan — Selected songs. 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-00 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Review of Boxing Tournament 8-40 Binapani Bahaduri — Esraj Recital 8-45 G. N. Joshi 9-00 S. S. Javli 12-00 Rang tarang 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Halke Phulke Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4.20 G. N. Joshi 4.50 Ahilyabai Karnatki 5-00 Binapani Bahaduri — Esraj Recital 5.15 Padmavati Shaligram 5.45 Topic in Gujarati 6-00 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Ahilyabai Karnatki 6-30 U. M. Maniar 6.45 Binapani Bahaduri — Esraj Recital 7-00 S. S Javli 7-30 Hamari Punji — Talk in Urdu 7-45 Variety Programme 8-00 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Kavita Vachan 8-45 Rojachya Dunlyet — Marathi 9-00 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-40 Programme Parade 10-00 S. S. Javali 10-30 Padmavati Shaligram.

BOMBAY—II

41.44 metres (7240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. As in Bombay I 7-40 Goda Geeten 8-00 to 9-30 as in Bombay I.
31.41 metres (9550 kc/s).
12-00 to 2-30 p.m. as in Bombay I
41.44 metres (7240 kc/s)
4-20 to 6-15 p.m. as in Bombay I 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 to 7-30 Interval.
6148 metres (4880 kc/s).
7-30 p.m. As in Bombay I 7-45 Commercial News 8-00 U. P. Maniar 8-15 G. N. Joshi 8-30 to 9 as in Bombay I 9-00 Padmavati Shaligram 9-30 Ahilyabai Karnatki 9-40 as in Bombay I 10-00 Chamber Music.

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 4-9-47 :—

Rainfall will be widespread in Gujarat, Kathiawar Cutch, the Konkanpatti, Khandesh and north Mawal. Scattered showers are also likely in the Hyderabad State, south Mawal, Desh and the Bombay Karnatak.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING :—Locally heavy rain is likely in Gujarat especially in the Palanpur and Rewakantha divisions during the next 48 hours.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS :—

There will be a general decrease of rainfall in the Bombay Province particularly Cutch, Kathiawar and Gujarat.

Jinnah's Brother Dead

The Secretary of the Bombay City Muslim League writes:—

Mr. Ahmed Ali Jinnah younger brother of Quaid-e-Azam Mohamed Ali Jinnah, expired at 4.30 p.m. on Monday last in Bombay of heart attack. He complained of pain in the morning and during the day his condition grew worse and suddenly collapsed in the evening. His funeral which was largely attended took place at 11 p.m. the same day and he was buried at Sunni Khoja Burial ground Umerkhadi.

VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME

Rs. 3,72,000 Sanctioned For Acquisition Of Land

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, today sanctioned an amount of Rs. 3,72,000 for the acquisiton of 16.1 Sq. miles of land in connection with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme for augmenting the City's water supply. The Municipal Commissioner, in his letter dated July 7,1947 to the Works Committee, had stated that this land had to be acquired for the construction of dam, lake, tunnel and pipeline and that, on a rough estimate, it would cost Rs. 3,72,000.

Rs. 22,000 was sanctioned for providing stop-log arrangement over the waste-weir of the Tansa Dam.

Changes In Refugee Programme From A.I.R.

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 1, (A. P. I.) :

All India Radio, Delhi, Have been broaucasting messages for refugees from 8-30 A.M. to 8-45 A.M. and from 6-15 P.M. to 6-30 P.M. With effect from Tuesday, September 2, 1947 the messages will be broadcast on the following timings and wave lengths :-

7.00 AM to 8-00 AM on 338 and 41 metres
1-00 PM to 1/25 PM on 338 and 31 metres
4-30 P.M. to 5-00 P.M. on 338 and 41 metres.
11-00 P.M. to 11-30 P.M. on 338 and 60 metres.

In addition to the above a special five minute news bulletin for the East Punjab listeners will be broadcast as followings :—

8-45 a.m. to 8.50 a.m. in English and Hindustani on 338, 41, 31, and 25 metres,
7-00 p.m. to 7-05 p.m. in English and Hindustani on 338 60, 25, and 48 metres.

GOVT. GRANT FOR MARATHI GRANTHA SANGRAHALAYA

With effect from the current year, a recurring grant of Rs. 7,500 has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay to the Mumbai Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya, Bombay for research in Marathi Literature on the conditions that the Sangrahalaya will carry on original research in Marathi literature in accordance with the plan submitted to the Government and employ literary staff recognised by the Bombay University for post graduate research, that the details of expenditure are approved by the Government and that the Sangrahalaya will provide accommodation for the staff and research students within a year.

The scheme submitted by the Sangrahalaya has generally been accepted by the Government subject to certain modifications.

BILL TO AMEND PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT

A Bill to amend the Bombay Probation of Offenders Act, 1938, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette dated September 1.

The proviso to sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Bombay Probation of Offenders Act, 1938, makes it obligatory that the offender or one of his sureties should have a fixed place of abode or regular occupation within the local limits of the Court's jurisdiction when a probation order is to be passed. This limitation causes difficulty in cases where mofussil offenders have committed an offence within the area to which the Act is applied, but know no one residing within the local limits of the Court's jurisdiction who can be offered as surety. It is, therefore, proposed to delete the proviso.

ELECTRICAL SUPERVISORS & WIREMEN'S EXAMINATIONS

The Examination for Electrical Supervisors (Competency Certificate) and Wiremen (Wiremen's Certificate) will be held in Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad simultaneously, commencing from October 20, 1947.

Forms of application may be obtained from the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Elec. Department, P.W.D. Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Candidates should forward their applications to the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, so as to reach it not later than September 20.

GOVT. TO PURCHASE MORE EDUCATIONAL FILMS

As a Post-War Reconstruction scheme of visual education, the Government of Bombay has decided to make increased use of films in imparting education. There are at present a number of Magic Lanterns and a large number of sets of slides on different subjects; also one silent cinema Projector and 50 (16 m.m.) projectors formerly used for the Village Publicity Scheme. It has also been decided to purchase educational films every year and to convert them into sound tracks. Besides 40 more projectors will be purchased in 1947-48 and an equal number in 1949-50.

MARWADI CHAMBER

The Secretary of the Marwadi Chamber of Commerce writes: In order to express anxiety over the fast started by Mahatma Gandhi and as a mark of moral support for its objective, the offices of the Marwadi Chamber and its members will remain closed today (Wednesday).

HAWKERS' LICENCES EXTENDED

The Government of Bombay had cancelled licences granted to cloth hawkers in this Province with effect from September 1, 1947. The hawkers have now been granted an extension of one month and the cancellation will take effect from October 1, 1947.

GRAND COUNCIL OF MAHARASTRA DEFENCE FORCE

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Secretary, Maharashtra Defence Force, writes:—

Under the Chairmanship of Major General Jagannathrao Bhonsle of I. N. A. a General Council of the Maharashtra Defence Force was formed in a meeting held for the purpose on the 10th Ultimo. The Council consists of 21 members.

The General Council has now begun to function and in a meeting held on Monday reports of the Organisation and publicity Sub-Committees were adopted.

P. E. N. CONFERENCE

The dates of October 31st to November 4th, inclusive, have now been definitely fixed for the Second All-India Writers' Conference under P. E. N. auspices. A Writers' Conference Committee at Bombay and the Reception Committee at Benares, with Pandit Iqbal Narain Gupta as its Chairman and Professor S. C. Das Gupta and Pandit Trilochana Pant as Honorary Secretaries, are hard at work on the plans. It will facilitate their deliberations if as early intimation as possible is sent to our Bombay Office by P. E. N. Members as to the likelihood of their being able to attend the Conference.

The subjects planned for discussion are: (1) "The Attitude of Classical and Modern Writers to the Fundamental Values of Life," (2) "The Cultural Unity of India," (3) "The Fostering of Translations from and into the Indian Languages," (4) "The Impact of Science on Literature," (5) Writers, Publishers and Copyright" and (6) "The Role of the English Language in Independent India."

It may be mentioned that our kind host this year, the Benares Hindu University is not in a position to offer us, nor should we wish to have it do so, the lavish hospitality which we enjoyed in 1945 through the munificence of H. H. the Maharaja of Jaipur and the sympathy and full co-operation of his then Prime Minister, Sir Mirza Ismail. This year we are on our own, as far as living costs go, and so, in addition to the Delegate's Fee of Rs.'5 there will be an inclusive fee of Rs. 25 for the five days' expenses.

Members of the P. E. N. especially, on whichever side they find themselves of the artificial boundary lines drawn by the politicians upon the map of this subcontinent, have a great responsibility for strengthening and helping to spread the consciousness that all Indians are brothers, under whatever government they live. The Benares Conference, with its address, its discussions of problems common to all Indian writers and the opportunities which it will offer for friendly contacts, will help them very much in this important work.

ECHO OF WARLI TROUBLE IN THANA COURT

The General Secretary, Warli Defence and Relief Committee, writes:—

Barkya Deviya, a Warli of Saravli Village, was charged under Sec. 395 of I.P.C. and for alleged assault and dacoity.

It was alleged by the complainant, Ranchhod Laxman, a tody-tapper, that the accused along with about fifteen other Warlis attacked the complainant on 17/2/1947 and robbed him of some moneys and clothes. After examining all the witnesses the jury unanimously returned a verdict of not guilty. Accepting the verdict Mr. Manek, the Assistant Sessions Judge, Thana acquitted the accused.

Messrs C. B. Shah, S. A. Neemuchwalla and T. Godiwala instructed by the Warli Defence Committee defended the accused both at Dahanu and at Thana.

POSTMEN GO ON TOKEN STRIKE

PROTEST AGAINST RECOMMENDATIONS OF PAY COMMISSION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Difficulties of the last year's long-drawn Postal strike were experienced on a smaller scale today when morning posts were not delivered due to the one-day token strike of city postmen and low grade staff.

The postmen and low grade staff staged a stay-out strike at midnight to register a protest against the "adverse effects" of the recommendations of the Pay Commission to certain categories of postal employees.

The strike affected nearly 3,500 postmen and low grade staff working in 95 post offices in the Bombay Circle. The strike is peaceful and no untoward incident is reported. The strikers have not organised any picketing or demonstration. Abiding by the directives of the Union, they just stayed out.

G.P.O. CLERKS JOIN STRIKE

At noon, postal clerks in the G.P.O. and other post offices, as a mark of sympathy to the strikers stopped work for ten minutes. The Central Telegraph Office is not touched by the strike.

Lt. Col. R. B. Shortland, Presidency Post Master and Mr. R. E. Shelom, Post Master General of Bombay went round different post offices to make arrangements to minimise the dislocation of postal system caused by the strike. The Presidency Post Master told pressmen, "We are doing everything possible to see that the postal system is not dislocated by the one-day strike".

The postal authorities, it is learnt, have hired porters to man the Royal Mail Service which is dislocated by the strike.

WORK SUSPENDED

Parcel booking, money orders, savings-bank and other money transactions are suspended by the Postal authorities for today. Clearance of street letter boxes and house to house postal delivery will not take place for the day. The telegrams will be booked but the house to house delivery of telegrams, it is expected will be made in only the area of the C.T.O.

A spokesman of the Union told the press that the authorities were giving to the postmen and lower grade staff, all the allowances as recommended by the Pay Commission but the basic pay was not increased as recommended by the Commission and thus a postman will receive Rs. 9-14 less in the salary for the month of August and even if he receives the salary as recommended by the Commission with all the allowances, he will be a loser by Rs. 2-1 per month in comparison with what he got in July

UNION LEADERS ADDRESS STRIKERS

A joint meeting of post-men, lower grade staff and clerks was held in the evening at the Marvari Vidyalaya hall. Mr. S. S. Kavalekar, Mr. K. F. Dharia and others who addressed the meeting told the employees that if they kept up the spirit they demonstrated to-day, the Government would have to yield to their demands.

The leaders emphasised that the employees would not tolerate any decrease in their pay.

UP FOR THE Races?
Between race days, visit Poona's famous beauty spots in one of our luxurious cars.
Drive yourself or we will supply a driver.
Either way, the car is entirely yours, to come and go in as you please. Terms moderate.
Telephone or write for particulars today.

AUTO HIRERS
No. 19 National Hotel Opp. Railway Station
POONA
Telephone No. 9/1880
also: Pratt's Building, Hughes Road, Bombay.

WE ARE GLAD to offer the service of our "Clinical Department" run under the direct supervision of qualified and experienced physicians and surgeons, to all sufferers from loss of health and strength, mental and nervous disorders, obesity, constitutional or chronic diseases which have defied treatment. Personal Individualised Treatment and Expert Guidance.
ASK FOR OUR FREE MEDICAL CIRCULAR

Daily Weather Summary

POONA, Sept. 2. (API.) Following is the weather summary for Tuesday, the 2nd September 1947:—The 'low' over the North Bay of Bengal has become more marked and is apparently centred this morning within a degree of latitude 21 degrees north and longitude 89 degrees east. It is likely to move in a northerly direction. Rainfall has been widespread in the Konkan, Gujarat and West Central India and local in the West United Provinces, East Central India, Berar, the Central Provinces, East Rajputana, the Bombay Deccan and Malabar. A few showers have also occurred in the East United Provinces and North Hyderabad.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 3RD EVENING:—Rainfall will be widespread in the Konkan and along the Belt from Gujarat to South Bengal and local in rest Northeast India and the United Provinces. A few showers are likely in rest peninsula.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain is likely over the region from East Central India and South-East United Provinces to Bengal and Assam within the next 48 hours.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at eight hours 1st and 2nd September 1947.

ABU Nil 68 T 31.6 minus 1.9 Ahmedabad 89 77 0.9 19.4 minus 4.7 Ahmednagar 85 71 0 12.4 plus 0.3 Allahabad Nil 79 0.3 23.1 minus 0.2 Amraoti 83 73 232.2 plus 9.4 Bangalore 81 66 0 19.6 plus 7.5 Baroda 88 76 1.4 20.3 Nil Belgaum 75 67 0.4 30.4 minus 4.8 Bhuj 85 76 1.7 8.5 minus 2.3 BOMBAY 84 71 0.7 47.0 minus 0.6 Delhi Nil 81 0 5.2 minus 12.5 Gulbarga 88 70 0 21.3 plus 6.4 Karachi 86 77 T 1.9 minus 3.6 Madras 94 80 T 8.0 minus 2.3 Mahableshwar 65 63 2.4 162.5 minus 62.2 Mangalore 85 75 0.9 110.2 plus 9.8 Nagpur 85 75 T 35.4 Nil Patna 85 83 0 28.5 minus 4.0 Poona 81 71 0.2 16.0 plus 1.2 Rajkot 81 75 0.3 10.1 minus 10.0 Sholapur 88 71 0 20.9 plus 7.6

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The defeat of Germany does not mean the end of fascist ideas. Fanaticism instilled in a child and grown to maturity in the adult is not destroyed by punishment or changed by argument. Germany has been defeated but not conquered. Its ideology will rise again.

—Rev. J. Spencer Voorhees

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA ON TRIAL

As Mahatma Gandhi describes it the "bubble has burst" at Calcutta. He was under no illusion about the peace that had come to the city. He had always been warning the people of Calcutta not to place too much reliance on it but to use the period of quiet for consolidating the cordiality that had swept over the city and to work and strive for a permanent change of heart, a change that would not only resist all communal emotions and excitements whatever and wherever their source but would also influence by its example the Punjab and the rest of India and Pakistan. How justified his premonition and warning were, the Calcutta flare-up has proved only too well. It was, we strongly suspect, the deliberate work of mischief-mongers who cannot tolerate communal peace and who gladly and cold-bloodedly have exploited happenings elsewhere to rekindle the fire for their own ends.

But the point is that it shows the seriousness of the "malaise" under the influence of which one or two isolated incidents, however started, should develop with the speed of lightning into the events of Monday last. And the fact that it should all happen so soon after the "miracle" and while Gandhiji was still there, is the real tragedy of the situation with potentialities extending far beyond the confines of that great city. It had become the focus of hopes for the final and permanent return of sanity all over the country. If Calcutta failed, there would be no knowing what might not happen to both India and Pakistan through the present madness. Gandhiji has realised the awful dangers and their challenge. For him it was impossible to ignore the challenge. And he has taken it up in his characteristic and coldly logical fashion. For him there was no alternative except to plunge again into a decisive life-and-death ordeal to bring Calcutta back to sanity. Now 78 years old, he has literally staked his life in a final attempt to dissuade Hindus and Muslims from pursuing this savage, mad, fratricidal war. It is not an ordinary fast, not comparable even to his earlier and dangerous 21-days' fasts. It is, in every sense, an issue between Mahatma Gandhi's life and the people's maniacal frenzy. Will it shock them into a consciousness of the unprecedented gravity of the issue and what it means to the very future and life of this country and its 400 million men, women and children? We earnestly hope it does; and that very soon

Arab Reaction

It has been particularly noted that the pro-Zionist majority of the Palestine Committee has, in its political and territorial vandalism, gone to the length of depriving the Arabs of control even over the Arab ports of Haifa and Jaffa. That only emphasises the character and magnitude of the outrage that the friends of Zionism have coolly designed. It need surprise no one. For, men, who are capable of the "generosity" of giving over to aliens from all parts of the world—without recognising their own national obligations to these people—the homeland of an entirely different people, are capable also and naturally of doing it with a vengeance.

The main issue is that a part of the country and homeland of the Arabs is being sought by men from Sweden, Netherlands, Canada, Czechoslovakia etc., who have no right to it, to be gifted to Jews of Europe who, too, have no right to it. And this "generosity", repugnant to democracy, justice, honesty and even ordinary decency, cannot and will not be accepted by the Arabs. The reaction of the Arab world has, as was expected, been prompt and unmistakable. The Palestine robbery that has been recommended to the United Nations is a challenge to war. And the challenge has been accepted by the Arabs. No one can blame them for virtually deciding that there is no way out except a showdown and they should now mobilise for it in right earnest. They are doing so. And "Arabs" means not just the poor essentially unarmed Arabs of Palestine but the countries and inhabitants of the entire Arab world. What Europe and America are asking for they will get. And they will have to contend not only with the Arab world but also the whole of Asia. Meanwhile, the challenge of vandalism is also a challenge to the sympathy for Palestine of India and particularly of Pakistan. There may be other and grave preoccupations for both these States, but Palestine also demands their urgent attention now and more urgent attention by the Government and leaders of Pakistan. They have a very special responsibility in the matter.

Frankly Speaking

Forward Technical Education

Even as India starts on her career as a free nation, she is faced with a host of problems, not the least of which is paucity of technical personnel. Whether it is a matter of stepping up production or intensive industrialisation, whether it is a question of making forward strides in education, or improving public health services, India is handicapped by the want of properly trained men and women to work out and implement the plans made. A special sub-committee of the Scientific Manpower Committee recently appointed by the Central Government with Sir S. S. Bhatnagar as chairman, has, therefore, put forward plans and suggestions for immediate improvement and expansion of facilities for scientific and technical training in Indian universities and in special institutions. The report is based on the assumption that, apart from the requirements of the various Governments for the large-scale development programmes contemplated by them India has to plan for at least a four-fold increase in output of all categories of personnel in the next four or five years. The recommendations of the Committee are intended to meet this need effectively and no criticism can be levelled against the Committee from that point of view.

Note The Snags

But a question that has to be borne in mind in implementing these recommendations is the need to coordinate the output of technical personnel, with the opportunities of their gainful employment. We have in the past known certain types of education going waste for want of sufficiently attractive employment. This has been notable in the case of teaching. Teaching as a profession has been so unattractive that a number of cases have occurred where persons with education degrees and experience have sought other avenues of employment and the schools have carried on with inferior talent. If all round production and industrial expansion does not take place in the same degree, the inevitable result will be unemployment and wastage of personnel. This does not mean that we are against increasing the output of technical personnel, but only that we would like the Government to think of their suitable employment also from now on and co-ordinate the output of personnel with the needs of the Governments and industry.

Repression, No Remedy

The Mysore State Congress has felt compelled to launch a campaign of Satyagraha in support of the demand of the people of the State for responsible government. Mysore was one of those States which has acquired the reputation of being progressive. This was chiefly due to the administration of a succession of able Dewans, who were given great freedom of action by a wise ruler. Such a state of affairs was, however, no substitute for a democratic Government responsible to the people. The Mysore people, through the State Congress, not only played no inconsiderable part in the various freedom movements in India, but occasionally also fought on the domestic front, agitating for responsible government. And at the very moment India achieved freedom, they are chagrined to find themselves fettered. Eight months ago the Dewan was "commanded" by the Maharaja to submit a scheme of reforms. But nothing has happened. The last straw on the camel's back appears to have been the attitude of conspicuous indifference shown by the administration on August 15 and after. While the people were jubilating over freedom, the palaces and Government buildings, which in Mysore are lit up at the slightest provocation, remained dark and unillumined. Since then the administration has also refused to fly the Indian flag. These, of course, are only symbols to which popular discontent has attached itself. But the discontent is real and is strongly rooted. Reports suggest that the Government is all set to meet the people's agitation with the usual repression. And that method, it should be stressed, has failed in the past and will fail again.

Our Readers' Views

"Memorial To Mahatma"

Sir,—Allow me to express a brief appreciation of your leader on "Memorial to Mahatma" in "The Bombay Chronicle", dated 28th instant.

It mirrors truth and beauty, and is therefore, a thing of joy. It may well serve as an eye-opener to the idle idolatry and give a fillip to the thinking gentry. The best way to raise a memorial to the Mahatma, as you have rightly suggested and as every rationalist will easily agree, is to exemplify his teachings in life.

Indeed, our Mahatma himself may look upon your article as a tribute — greater and dearer — than the proposed colossal statue across the Gateway of India.—Yours etc.

Thana. G. R. VAIDYA.

India & Portugal

Sir,—It is known here that a Mission from Portugal is, at present, at Delhi, for the purpose, presumably, of negotiating a "Modus Vivendi" between the Government of the Indian Union and that of Portuguese India.

It is to be hoped and trusted that the Union of India Government will not commit themselves to any agreement affecting the political and economic status of the people of Portuguese India without consulting the latter, lest their true wishes and aspirations go by default.

For this purpose, the proper course would be to exact "a priori" that acredited and non-official representative of the people of each district composing Portuguese India — Daman, Goa, Diu — should be attached to such a mission.—Yours, etc.

A CITIZEN OF DAMAN.

Municipal Schools In Brothel Area

Sir,—It is a matter of great regret that several municipal primary schools should be conducted in a building in Sukhlaji Street, one of the worst parts of the brothel area where non-stop prostitution is carried on, and that neither the Bombay Municipal Corporation nor the Government of Bombay should remove neither the schools from the locality nor the prostitutes from the surrounding buildings though seven years have already passed since the building for the schools was constructed.

The initial mistake was made by the Municipal Corporation. It purchased a plot in the heart of the brothel area and erected a building in 1940 for Municipal primary schools knowing well that it was surrounded by buildings occupied by prostitutes carrying on their business day and night. When complaints were made, the Municipal Corporation asked the Commissioner of Police to remove the prostitutes. In pleading his inability to take action, the Commissioner of Police wrote inter alia that "even if individual notices to prostitutes were given to remove themselves from the locality, this would result either in their dispersal into respectable localities or possibly in the gradual building up some where else of tolerated areas."

It must be remembered that it was not a question here of removing all the prostitutes from the locality but of removing them only from the houses adjacent to the school building. As a matter of fact annual reports of the Police Department show that they have been taking such action under Section 9 of the Bombay Prevention of Prostitution Act against prostitutes residing in various areas in the city as their presence is considered objectionable to respectable residents in the neighbourhood. Do Government think that this discretion used in the case of respectable residents is out of place in the case of school children?

As the Police refused to take action, the Municipal Corporation requested the Schools Committee in 1945 to consider the desirability of shifting the municipal schools from that locality as the existence of prostitutes and men of bad characters living thereat was likely to have an undesirable effect on the morals of the large number of children attending the municipal schools. The Schools Committee informed the Corporation in reply in last April that they had found that no other accommodation for schools was available. Then in May last, the Municipal Corporation again resolved "to request the Government to take steps to remove the brothels from the locality adjoining the Municipal Kamatipura school." Thus during the last seven years no actual steps were taken to clear the area of prostitutes and the small innocent children who attend the schools have to bear the consequences.

A group of six schools teaching Marathi, Gujarati, Urdu, Hindi and Telegu is located in this building. Before the riots, there were more than 2,000 children in these schools. Now there are 1,232 out of whom about one-third are girls. The position of the building is such that if a student looks out of a window, he or she will see nothing but prostitutes in the opposite houses carrying on solicitation. The poor teachers have to bend their heads in shame when they are asked as to why these things are tolerated.

Kamatipura is one of the worst slum areas in the whole city. Though a very small part of the locality is inhabited by prostitutes the majority of the residents are poor but respectable labourers. If there is any locality, therefore, deserving protection from undesirable influences, it is this locality. But unfortunately while Government is ready to give protection to residents who are able to protect themselves, it pleades its inability to give protection to these poor helpless people.

Though the mistake was originally made by the Municipal Corporation, it appears, it is now unable to rectify it. Will the present popular Government look into the matter and remove the scandal immediately.—Yours, etc.,

P. G. NAIK

Bombay Workmen's Institute Parel. September 1.

Birley's Portrait Of Gandhiji

Sir,—Birley's portrait of Gandhiji painted some 17 years ago in London has been ceremoniously unveiled in the Indian Assembly. Why this particular portrait has been chosen by the Constituent Assembly one is apt to ask.

From the photograph of Birley's portrait one can say that it is not a work of great art. It is a conventional portrait with the usual background of heap of books on a table—an uninspiring picture of a dynamic personality. Secondly, it is a picture of Gandhiji painted two decades ago. Can we not have his portrait as he looks today in 1947?

Our slavish mentality still persists. We have accepted the portrait perhaps because it is executed by an Englishman. Or perhaps because it is presented by the son of the late Sir P. Pattani. It is reported that the House will not accommodate any other portrait of Gandhiji. I ask whether our leaders must do everything in a hurry.—Yours etc.

D. G. TENDULKAR.

Gandhiji's Advice To Students

Sir,—Recent issue of "Harijan," Gandhiji writes: "A student's life has been rightly likened to the life of a sanyasi. He must be the embodiment of simple living and high thinking. He must be discipline incarnate. His pleasure is derived from studies. They do provide real pleasure when study ceases to be a tax the student has to pay. What can be a greater pleasure than that a student marches from knowledge to more knowledge."

Energies of the present students are lost in frivolities and most of the time is taken up in empty discussions and paper plans. Students can do a lot in the field of amelioration of masses if their vacations are spent in rural work. They can help a lot to check and stop the rot which has entered our day to day activities. Gandhiji has put the whole thing in a nut shell. When shall our students think and practice what Gadhiji has said?

—Yours etc. K.

J. R. D. Tata's Speech

Sir,—It is noteworthy that while Mr. J. R. D. Tata has made a forceful plea for Government action in order to discipline Labour, he has not a word to say about the enormous profits that are being made and demanded by his brother-industrialists in this country. One has merely to glance at the dividend lists of industrial and financial concerns to see that a profit of 10 to 20 per cent is the rule rather than the exception. And yet the comparatively negligible tax on profits is being made into a major calamity for the nation. What right have our industrialists to 'samjav' Labour when they are not prepared to cut down their war-inflated profit margins? Even the Governor of the Reserve Bank—who cannot be accused of being a Labour Leader—has recently uttered a warning against these profit-mongers. -Yours etc.,

S. V. KOGEKAR.

Poona.

"Vir Narimant Drive"

Sir,—I read with enthusiasm and interest "Jai Hind's" letter captioned "Vir Nariman Drive" in your "Our Readers' Views" column.

I think it would be a small, though fitting tribute to the great services rendered to the country and Bombay in particular, by Mr. K. F. Nariman, to change the name of Marine Drive to "Vir Nariman Drive."

Here's to hoping that the idea will receive the right response from the public which is always willing to give just due to the deserving as also our city fathers.—Yours, etc.,

(Miss) USHA D. N. DESAI, B.E. (Civil).

Bombay.

India's Economic Crisis

The Way Out

BY KAUTILYA

The fifteenth of August has passed, and India has become independent at last. More precisely, she is a Dominion within the British Commonwealth of Nations, but she will have the right to walk out of the British parlour, if she so chooses. Independence came to us much earlier than we anticipated, and also at much less cost. No wonder, therefore, it was celebrated in a way which has left all previous celebrations miles behind and made all participants think "Bliss was it in those days to be alive, but to be young was very heaven."

Economic Crisis

Now that the celebrations are over, people are thinking once more of the vast problems ahead, specially of the economic problems which confront them. The food situation is more disturbing than ever; the cloth rations and allocations stand at the lowest level we had so far. The housing problem in the urban areas has not been eased at all; it has been, perhaps, slightly worsened due to the demands of immigrants from the Pakistan areas. The production figures for the basic commodities like coal and iron and steel on which the national economy depends are not showing any increase; in fact, in many cases they show a decline. Though there has been no increase in currency circulation for the last eighteen months, prices and cost of living have tended to increase at an alarming rate. On the top of it, our foreign exchange position has become alarming. From July 15, our past accumulated sterling balances were frozen; and our current balance of trade, thanks to our huge food deficits, would have become highly unfavourable without strict import controls. As a result of the negotiations with Britain, a sum of 65 million sterling—30 millions of which were to serve as working capital—was released for the period ending December 1947, and seemed to provide some welcome relief in this extremely anxious situation. But, immediately thereafter, the sterling was declared as not multilaterally convertible, and the released sterling resources would be available for conversion into dollars only for essential imports. The gravity of the situation is not adequately recognised either by the people or by the leaders; but the signs are that we are in a grave national economic crisis out of which only very determined efforts can extricate us.

Price Increase As A Way Out

As a way out of this crisis and decline in production, an increase in prices has been sometimes suggested as the remedy. It has not yet been boldly put forth as a general policy out of the crisis of declining production but as a partial solution to be resorted to in the fields where our need for production is the greatest. Once, however, a price rise is granted over one field, the solution has the habit of asserting itself in other fields; being an easy way out, it appeals instantaneously both to the producers and the Government. In the last eighteen months, this solution has been tried in one form or another over several fields. In sugar and coal, increases in prices were granted forthwith, in the case of other commodities no price increases were granted, but whenever great difficulties were experienced in the distribution of a controlled commodity, it was de-controlled leading to a rise in price; e.g., the recent decontrol of pulses in the Bombay Province. Many cases for a price increase are pending before the Government; the cases of iron and steel and cloth are the most notable, and there is a grave danger that the Central Government may grant some increase in these fields to ensure increased production. It is not yet realised in responsible quarters that if a rise in prices could just increase production, by now we would have a surfeit not a scarcity. The Government officers and persons laying down Government policy admit in general the danger of a rise in the price level and the need of keeping it down, but when it comes to a concrete question of granting or refusing an increase in the price of a certain commodity, they forget this general need, and concentrate on the narrow issues involved, with the result that in many cases an increase in prices seems called for. A price level is composed of the prices of individual commodities, and if rises are granted in the prices of the latter, it must have an inevitable effect on the former. If the individual commodity, where a price increase is granted, is one entering into the production of other commodities, or is an important constituent in the cost of living, it will make the case for rises in prices of other commodities unanswerable. The Government must, therefore, once for all make up its mind to enforce a hold-the-price line. In no case, should the Government grant an increase in prices. It should be made the duty of employers to increase their efficiency and increase production at present prices only. If due to natural or other inevitable causes there are some concerns which cannot continue in production at the present prices, a subsidy may be granted to them. If production is urgently essential, a bonus on production above the pre-war level may also be granted. The commencement of such a policy would have a salutary effect on the producers, who now seem to be concentrating more attention on showing the inadequacy of present prices and their adverse effect on production than on production itself.

Labour Policies

Besides this question of price rises, there is another urgent question on which the Governments, both Central and Provincial, need to declare their policy in unequivocal terms, and that is their labour policies. So far, these policies have been conducted on opportunist lines, and sometimes even on conflicting principles. For example, when after the war the Central Government passed a Bill for the reduction in maximum hours of work, it empowered the Provincial Governments to exempt important industries, where the need for increased production was great, and expressed a hope that the Provincial Governments would not hesitate to use this power. To admit the great need for increased production, to realise that a reduction in the hours of work may decrease production, and yet to enact legislation reducing hours and try to prove that the production needs were not neglected because the Provincial Governments had powers to make exceptions surely, this was not the attitude worthy of statesmen, but of lawyers. The Provincial Governments naturally did not want to incur the odium of looking reactionary. This happened before the National Government came in at the Centre. But one cannot say that the psychology has yet improved. Just some time back, we had the spectacle of the Member for Civil Supplies, pleading for a three-shift system in the textile industry to increase production; the Bombay Labour Minister refused to permit this system on the ground that it would be harmful to labour. This was not an accident, because the affirmation and the denial were repeated. Both these were ardent Congressmen and this difference of opinion among them raises the important question of what the policy of the Congress on labour and other allied questions was.

There are also many other questions regarding labour that deserve urgent attention. It has been the complaint of many employers that labour is at present deliberately going slow; impartial observers and Government members themselves have confirmed this observation. Labour has, no doubt, many old grievances still persisting; the war-weariness has told on it. The betterment of labour conditions will be one of the national tasks needing a high priority. But production and more production is an earlier and prior need, and labour must realise this. Any slowing-down tactics are a betrayal of the nation, of their own brethren. It is unfortunate that just on the eve of Independence and immediately after it, Labour should resort to obstructionist tactics which it has never adopted in the past against an alien Government. That Labour should be conscious of its rights in a free country, and should be assertive, is greatly welcome, but it should also know its duties and learn to place national tasks first.

This reminds one of the strikes stalking the country many of them illegal and resorted to in spite of the arbitration machinary provided by the Governments. The Government laws and orders have in many cases been deliberately defied or ignored; and it is sad to think that the Governments have themselves set a seal on this attitude by negotiating with labour on illegal strikes. It would be better for the Governments to follow the policy of the Labour Government in England of refusing to negotiate as long as labour is persisting in an illegitimate strike. That at least will make the Government attitude clear to labour and not make it think that the former is just a function of Labour strength.

Need For White Paper

It is urgent that the Ministers now issue a White Paper frankly telling the nation of the crisis they are in, and of the need for the gravest sacrifice and utmost effort on their part if free India is to emerge out of this crisis. It is only in the need for increased production is brought home to the common people in a forceful way, and if it is explained to them that all who hamper production are traitors, that the present pettifogging and opportunist attitude of capital and some part of Labour will be swept off. Otherwise, India which has just emerged free, will be condemned to the same old and wretched existence and our plans for a prosperous and contented India will remain just as where they are today on paper.

(Copyright: National Press Syndicate)

PROCEDURE IN COURT

Appeal To Lawyers

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay Legal Aid Society writes:

Recently the Bombay Legal Aid Society published and submitted to the authorities a pamphlet containing a factual study of the expenses of litigation and the recommendations made by the Society, for ameliorating the lot of suitors in that behalf.

It seems to the Society, further, that with notes, explanations and commentaries by learned writers running into thousands of pages—to the despair of the practitioner and the confounding of the litigant—there is considerable room for improvement in the Practice and Procedure laid down in the Civil Procedure and Criminal Procedure Codes and by the Rules framed thereunder, for the conduct of litigation in Civil and Criminal Courts.

The Society has, accordingly, appointed a Committee to study and enquire into the Practice and Procedure in force in the Civil and Criminal Courts in the Province, and to consider what improvements may be made therein, with a view to reducing the costs, and avoiding unnecessary delays of litigation.

In the course of their practice, lawyers often times, come across provisions in the procedural law and matters of practice that cause unnecessary dilatoriness and delays in the proceedings and harassment to litigants, and are otherwise capable of improvement. It is proposed to get together all such existing defects in the practice and procedure of the courts and to submit them to the authorities for taking early steps to remove the same. This would greatly benefit all those who are compelled to have recourse to the civil or criminal courts, and particularly the middle classes and the poor.

The Committee therefore invites all members of the legal profession and all other persons and organisations interested in the matter, to kindly communicate their suggestions for the removal of these defects, to the Society, at its address, Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay

B. B. C.

Sir,—On August 28, in its 9-30 p.m. news relay the B. B. C. gave news of the disturbances in the Punjab, worthy of its old traditions. The B. B. C.'s special correspondent, Mr. Robert Stimson, the author of the mischievous article on the late Kasturba Gandhi, preferred to report on the horrible conditions in Amritsar, while he had very little to say about the conditions in the West Punjab. Seeing through its coloured glasses will benefit no one. May it will further embitter the relations between India and Pakistan and the British diehards will succeed in prolonging the agonies in our midst. I, therefore, request Sardar Patel to check the B. B. C. news relay and take prompt action. —Yours etc.,

D. G. TENDULKAR.

Indonesia

Sir,—It is on record that British troops fought against the Greek guerrillas who fought the Nazis during the last four years of the war and the late President Roosevelt wished that Churchill would only make it clear and say that he was backing the Greek Royalty while probably using the American lend-lease equipment.

Before this, Roosevelt had made it clear to Queen Wilhelmina when she was at White House, that it was American arms that would be liberating her colonies from the Japanese by American soldiers, sailors and marines and she should follow the policy the Americans were adopting in the Philippines. Whilhemina promised that her Government would announce immediately after victory in Japan, that they were going to grant the peoples of Dutch East Indies first dominion status with the right of self-rule and equality and after their Government had been established, if the people by free vote decided that they wanted complete independence they would get it. Now we see what is happening here and elsewhere. Roosevelt was going to bring pressure on the British to fall in line with his thinking in relation to the whole colonial question. Oh! What a loss to the world that Franklin D. Roosevelt is dead and gone?

P. H. DAVUR.

Dantra House,
4, Barrow Road, Fort.

Reward For Fighters For Freedom

Sir,—"Very recently we have learnt that certain Provincial Governments have returned deposit, land etc. and rewarded the workers of the civil Disobedience movement. May I know what Government which is always the pioneer in such affairs, has done in this respect.—Yours etc.

A WELL-WISHER.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

Ukrainian Foreign Minister Dmitri Manuilsky, arriving aboard the "Queen Elizabeth" for the General Assembly of the United Nations, asked to comment on the UNSCOP recommendations on Palestine, told newsmen in perfect English, "I don't understand English." His aide added, "He has no expression. He has no words."

A Russian-speaking official identifying himself as an aide of Gromyko took Manuilsky by the arm and disappeared down a corridor preventing further questioning.—U.P.A.

* * *

According to a Madras report, Mr. T. M. Krishnaswami Iyer, Chief Justice Travancore High Court, has resigned his office with the permission of the Maharaja of Travancore.

Which has prompted the Junior Colleague to speculate on whether it is in order to join Sir "C. P." in his—er—pursuit of—yes, quite.

* * *

His Highness the Nawab of Junagadh—whose territory is in India and "subjects" non-Muslim—has removed all "misgivings" of those "subjects" with the assurance that "except in very few and strictly defined matters of external policy, the accession to the Pakistan Dominion will in no way affect the internal life of the State and its people of whatever caste or creed."

And accession to the Indian Union would have?

Misgivings removed and all explained better than the Nawab and his draftsmen have any misgivings of.

* * *

The National Negro Council has opened a drive for one million signatures on a petition to obtain Federal legislation against lynching.

We hope the K. K. K. and Southern Whites do not start a drive to lynch the signatories.

* * *

The Negro Council also demands legislation to oust Representative Rankin of Mississipi on the ground that he was unconstitutionally elected to Congress because negroes in his district were prevented from voting.

In case this demand is accepted the constitution itself may be lynched.

* * *

At the "Moral Rearmament World Assembly" at Caux, Dr. Hamelink, Finance Minister of "East Indonesia", who, as the report confesses, has taken Holland's side in the dispute, declared: "I hope to apply moral rearmament principles to myself and my work when I return to Indonesia."

Let's hope he does. It's time he did.

* * *

In the Hungarian elections the Communists have emerged as the largest single party with a total of 1,082,597 votes.

Our own expectations have failed by 917,403 votes.

London Conference On International Fund

LONDON, Sept. 2. (Reuter): An official announcement from the Commonwealth Relations office said today: "The Government of the United Kingdom have proposed to other Commonwealth Governments in the Sterling Area that discussions on the general financial position should take place in London as soon as possible.

"The Governments of Australia and New Zealand have agreed to this proposal. For this purpose, advantage will be taken of the presence in London this month of representatives from certain Commonwealth countries for meetings of the International Bank and the International Monetary Fund".

While Canada, a Dollar country, was in the face of the terms of the announcement not included in the Sterling Area, it was learned at Canada House today that she will play an important part in Dollar talks.

Mr. D. C. Abbott, Canadian Finance Minister, who will represent his country at the International Monetary Fund meeting, is expected to discuss the general American Dollar shortage with Dr. Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and other British Treasury officials, it was learned.

VARNASHRAMITE WAR ON TEMPLE ENTRY

Plan Of March On Council Hall On Sept. 10

POONA, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): The All-India Varnashram Swarajya Sangh, an organisation of the orthodox Hindu school of thought, will lead a march to the Council Hall in Poona on September 10, when the Bombay Legislative Assembly meets here, to record its protest against the Harijan Temple Entry Bill which will come up for the approval of the House during the session.

The Bill seeks to ensure Harijans right of entry in all Hindu places of worship in the Bombay Province.

Mr. Vishwasrao Dawre President of the organisation has today appealed to Hindus all over Maharashtra to join in the march. The Executive Committee of the Sangh is meeting in Poona on September 6 to review the situation.

The Ramakrishna Mission Sevashram Brindavan Charitable Hospital

This Hospital is a fairly big one with 55 indoor beds. During the year under report it treated 56,965 cases in the outdoor department and 1,495 cases in the indoor department. Of these 2,247 were surgical cases. The hospital possesses a fully equipped eye hospital which caters to the need of this part of the United Provinces where incidence of eye affections are comparatively very high.

Contributions will be thankfully received and acknowledged by the Secretary (Swami Hiranmayanandaji), Ramakrishna Mission Sevashram, P. O. Brindavan, Dt. Muthura, U. P.

35 CONVICTS ESCAPE

Chota Udaipur State Jail Incident

BARODA, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): Some 35 convicts from the Chota Udaipur State Jail escaped yesterday with five rifles and about a hundred cartridges, which they snatched away from the jail constabulary, according to a report received here from Chota Udaipur, about 63 miles from Baroda.

It is stated that a group of prisoners, which was being taken out early in the morning yesterday for morning routine, revolted against the constables escorting it belaboured them and snatched away their rifles. Later, they took possession of a box containing cartridges from the police station attached to the jail and made good their escape without opposition.

It is believed that the gang, consisting mostly of local aboriginals, crossed over the state territory to an adjoining hill tract before it could be pursued by the military after receipt of information about the incident, the report added.

U. S. ASSISTANCE FOR EUROPE

18 Congressmen On Tour To Assess Needs

LONDON, Sept. 2. (U.P.A.): Eighteen American Congressmen charged with assessing Europe's needs began a "see for ourselves" tour to-day with a warning that European countries must take vigorous action to help each other if they want American aid.

Representative Christian Herter, Massachusetts, acting Chairman, made it clear at a press conference, however, that the Committee did not consider Russia, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Rumania or Hungary either as coming within the self-help scheme or as being eligible for United States assistance.

Immediately after their press conference, the American Committee members went to the Food Ministry to talk with Food Minister, John Strachey, on the suspension of food purchases from the United States and Britain's food and ration prospects.

Their next call was at the Board of Trade to see Sir Stafford Cripps, its President, who is expected to announce further restrictions on home consumption and other measures to boost Britain's exports for dollars next week.

JAPANESE PEACE SETTLEMENT

General Far Eastern Conference To Be Held Before End Of Month

LONDON, Sept. 2. (Reuter): The Canbera Conference of British Commonwealth countries on the Japanese peace settlement came to the unanimous conclusion that a general Far Eastern peace conference ought to be held before the end of September, Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learned to-day from a usually well-informed source.

It is understood that the conclusions of the conference are being communicated to the United States Government which in July took the lead in proposing an immediate conference on the Japanese peace to be attended by all the eleven members of the Far Eastern Advisory Commission.

The proposal to negotiate the peace settlement for the Far East through a general conference rather than through the Council of Foreign Ministers has been twice rejected by the Soviet Union.

COST OF LIVING INDEX IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): During July 1947, the working class cost of living index number to 100, was 274, being four points lower than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles declined by six points to 336.

During July 1947, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July 1947 equal to 100, was 218, being six points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by nine points to 231.

In July 1947, the working class cost of living index number for Sholapur, with the average prices for the year ended January 1928 equal to 100 was 248, being five points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by seven points to 260.

The working class cost of living index number for Jalgaon, with the average prices for the month of August 1939 equal to 100 was 364 in July 1947, being five points higher than in the preceding month.

APPORTIONMENT OF INCOME-TAX BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

No Relief Or Refund But Reciprocal Arrangement To Avoid Double Levy

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (API): One of the aspects of the India-Pakistan agreement on income-tax, which was announced on August 26 is that this agreement does not provide for Relief or refund after an assessee has been charged Income-Tax by both Dominions, but on the contrary avoidance of such relief or refund.

It is stated that arrangements already exist by which an assessed to whom the taxation laws of both India and the United Kingdom (also certain British Colonies) apply is permitted to seek relief from, or refund of, tax in respect of such portion of his declared world income as has been taxed by both the countries concerned.

In the case of India and Pakistan, the assessee would also have to declare his world income but each Dominion will tax him only on such portion of that income as has been agreed by both Governments to have accrued or arisen in the area of each.

The two Dominions have agreed to incorporate the provisions of this double Income-Tax avoidance scheme in their respective Income-Tax Acts by Official Notification. It will be effective from August 15, and will not be terminated by either Government without that Government giving notice to the other.

PERCENTAGES

It is understood that a Schedule to the Agreement lays down percentages which will be applied by each Dominion in ascertaining, for purposes of taxation, its share— if any—of the profits arising from various sorts of business transactions. For instance, concerning salaries, the Dominion that pays them (in the case of Government servants), or in which they are earned (in the case of private employees) is entitled to collect the whole of the Income-Tax. Similarly, in the case of interest on Government or other securities, the Dominion where the securities are enfaced for payment of interest and principal, or in which the investment issued, is entitled to the entire tax. It has also been agreed that 100 per cent of the tax on property shall go to the Dominion in which the property is situated, or — in the case of income arising from an assessee's profession or vocation — to the Dominion in which the professional service is rendered.

Other business transactions covered by the Schedule relate to the purchase or manufacture of goods in one Dominion and their sale in the other; manufactured partly in one Dominion and partly in the other; sale, exchange or transfer of immovable capital assets and any rights pertaining to them. In the case of metal ores, minerals, mineral oils and forest produce extracted in one Dominion and sold in the other without any further manufacturing process and without a selling establishment or regular agency, 75 per cent of the profits will go to the Dominion in which the minerals are extracted and 25 per cent to that in which they are sold.

TERMS OF INDIA-PAKISTAN CONTRACTS REMAIN UNCHANGED

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (API): The Governments of India and Pakistan have agreed under the clauses of the Indian Independence Order, 1947, governing the allocation to the respective Dominion of the rights and liabilities of the Governor-General-in Council in respect of contracts entered into by him before August 15, that these rights and liabilities should be transferred to the Dominion in whose territory the consignee under a contract is located. This arrangement is subject to certain inter-Governmental adjustments.

A pressnote in this connection says if there are several consignees, some located within the territory of one dominion and others within the territory of the other dominion, the rights and liabilities of the contract will be divided between the two dominions on the basis of the stores to be delivered to the consignees within their respective jurisdictions.

The representatives of the two Dominions have also agreed to the following procedure being followed for supply and payment for stores covered by such contracts. Stores must be supplied to the consignee or consignees named on the contract and arrangements will be made by the Dominion Government of the consignee (to whom all bills will be sent) to pay the price thereof at the place specified in the contract. Outstanding payment for stores supplied before August 15, 1947, will also be arranged by the Dominion Government in whose territorial jurisdiction the consignee falls on August 15, 1947. All other terms of contracts will remain unchanged in all respects.

All outstanding action on contracts for the sale of surplus waste and obsolete stores entered into before August 15, 1947 by the Director-General (disposals) or his regional officers will be performed by the Government of the Dominion in whose territory the stores were situated at the time of sale.

PEACE POLICY FOR INDO-CHINA

French High Commissioner's Talks With Officials

SAIGON, Sept. 2. (Reuter): M. Emile Bollaert, the French High Commissioner in Indo-China, will announce the French Government policy in Indo-China when he speaks at Hadong, near Hanoi, on September 10 or 11.

M. Bollaert, who returned here by air last night from Paris after talks with the French Government on peace proposals for Indo-China, had originally planned to broadcast the details of the French policy next Saturday.

An announcement to-day said that this "slight delay" had no significance except that M. Bollaert would probably need a few days more to complete the talks with French officials as well as with representatives of political interests in the country.

To-morrow, he is to meet economic and financial chiefs at his inner cabinet.

NO REVALIDATING OF LICENSES

India Govt. Publishes List Of 100 Articles

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.). About one hundred articles have been mentioned in the list of items for which revalidated licenses will not be extended beyond September 30, 1947, according to an Extraordinary Gazette issued by the Government of India. Among these items are diamonds unset and imported uncut, excluding bort and industrial diamonds jewellery and jewels, silver plate and silver manufactures precious stones unset and imported cut, toilet requisites not otherwise specified, wines and liquors, cigarettes and confectionary.

Government say that the foreign exchange position of the country continues to be difficult and does not admit of any relaxation in the measures of the import control.

"FORGET PAST ENMITIES"

India's Plea At Jap Peace Treaty Conference

CANBERRA, Sept. 2 (Reuter). Addressing the concluding public session of the British Commonwealth Conference on the Japanese Peace Treaty, Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister of External Affairs, said: "We can look back on the week's work with great satisfaction. We have all worked together towards the attainment of a common important objective—the establishment of a just and lasting peace in east Asia and the Pacific."

Thanking delegates for their co-operation Dr. Evatt added: "It has been a pleasure to preside over the first conference of the British Commonwealth which includes the new Indian and the new dominion of Pakistan and Burma. These states share the desire of us all for freedom and democracy. In their great task they will have the full support of all other members of the British Commonwealth."

HOW INDIA PARTICIPATES IN FUTURE CONFERENCE

India desires that enmities and hatreds engendered by the last war should be buried and forgotten, Sir B. Rama Rau, Leader of the Indian Delegation said before today's open and final session of the Commonwealth Conference here.

Sir Rama Rau said: "We should concentrate wholeheartedly on the task of establishing world peace on a stable basis. And it is in this spirit that India will participate in any future conference".

Earlier, the New Zealand Premier, Mr. Peter Fraser, said the most gratifying feature of the Commonwealth Conference on Japan had been that the new Indian countries, India and Pakistan, had found full scope for expression of opinion.

Pakistan's delegate, Mr. Mirza Raffi, said there must be demilitarisation in Japan", but we must not fail in our efforts towards creating a change of heart in Japan that will convert her from the idea of world domination to democratic and peaceful living".

Food Arrangements In Riot-Affected Punjab Cities

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): India's Food Minister Dr. Rajendra Prasad, is deputing two officers to tour some of the riot-affected cities of the Punjab to see what arrangements should be made by the Food Ministry to deal with the food problems created by the disturbances.

Sir Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, whose services have been borrowed by the Food Ministry, Major-General Arnold, Liaison Officer are leaving by air tomorrow for the Punjab.

New Rolls Royce For Mountbatten

LONDON, Sept. 2. (Reuter): A new 30 horse-power Rolls Royce Limousine, costing £3,700, is nearly ready for shipment to India for Lord Mountbatten, the Governor-General.

The order for the Limousine, marked "Very Urgent" was placed by the Ministry of Supply last year when Lord Mountbatten was standing by to go to India as the Viceroy. Shortage of materials held up delivery until now.

S. AFRICA'S ANTI-INDIAN POLICY

Britain For Placing Case Before International Court

LONDON, Sept. 2. (U.P.A.): British policy with regard to Indian complaints against South Africa would continue unchanged, sources close to A. G. Bottomley, Under Secretary for Commonwealth Relations said.

These sources said Britain would insist that the case should be laid before the International Court. They said Bottomley, who recently had concluded an extensive South African tour found the South African attitude "notably hardened" regarding the Indian question.

Dr. Van Mook To Consult Dutch Cabinet

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 2, (Reuter): Hubertus Van Mook, Lieutenant Governor of the Netherlands East Indies, arrived at Schiphol airport from Batavia to-day for consultations with the Dutch Cabinet about the Indonesian situation.

He is expected to stay three or four days.

He told reporters that the United Nations Security Council's intervention had not facilitated matters in Indonesia.

BELGIUM FOR THREE NATION COMMISSION

Dutch Nomination In U. N. Council

THE HAGUE, Sept. 2 (Reuter). The Dutch Government has nominated Belgium for the Three-Nation Commission suggested by the United Nations Security Council to settle the Indonesian dispute, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs announced today.

The Belgium Government has accepted the invitation to serve on this Committee.

It was reported yesterday that the Indonesian Republican Cabinet was expected to nominate Australia for the Commission.

DUTCH CASUALTIES SINCE CEASE-FIRE

BATAVIA, Sept. 2, (Reuter): Total Dutch casualties since the cease-fire were 103 killed 383 wonded and six missing today's Dutch Communique stated. The Communique added that five were killed and 11 wounded in clashes on Sunday.

"Operation Pakistan" Begins

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): "Operation Pakistan" has been undertaken by B.O.A.C., who at the request of the Pakistan Government, have arranged for 20 aircraft, some of them chartered from other British Companies, for the purpose of carrying from Delhi to Karachi Pakistan Officials, Ministerial staff and their families who are at present delayed in Delhi owing to the difficult railway traffic position in East and West Punjab.

Twenty aircraft—Dakotas, Lancastrians and Yorks—are expected to do a total mileage of 780,000 (including flights from and to the United Kingdom) and the total petrol consumption is estimated to be at 280,000 gallons.

The aircraft, some of which have Empire crews who flew during the war over Germany and Burma, are expected to do a total of 4,000 flying hours—each aircraft doing about 200 hours.

The first of the 20 aircraft, a Lancastrian, touched down at an airfield in Karachi on Saturday from Lydda, Palestine, within 30 hours of the B. O. A. C. undertaking the operation. It left for Delhi on Sunday morning and brought the first batch of "Pakistanis" on Monday morning to Karachi.

NAZIR AHMED IN KARACHI

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): Dr. Nazir Ahmed, Secretary of the Development Board of Pakistan and ex-Officio Joint-Secretary in the Pakistan Government, arrived by air in Karachi from Bombay yesterday.

Dr. Nazir Ahmed who will deal with development plans for the Pakistan Government has provisionally set up his office in the Pakistan Assembly Secretariat.

Prior to taking up this new appointment, Dr. Nazir Ahmed was a member of the Indian Tariff Board.

PRIMARY TEACHERS AS-SURANCE TO GOVT.

POONA, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): An assurance of full co-operation in the Bombay Government's programme for spread of literacy and extension of primary education was given on behalf of the primary teachers in the province by the Executive Committee of the Bombay Provincial Primary Teachers' Conference which met at Pandharpur over the week-end.

The fifth session of the Conference will be held in November and Principal M. V. Donde has been unanimously elected its president. The venue of the Conference has not been announced.

DELHI-PESHAWAR AIR SERVICE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): The Indian National Airways in co-operation with the Dalmia-Jain Airways will run a daily air service between Delhi and Peshawar with effect from September 3, 1947, it is announced. The idea of having a halt at Hyderabad (Sind) on the Delhi-Karachi service with a view to pick up passengers on its way back has been abandoned as there is considerable risk attached to the landing of aircraft at Hyderabad without any organisation or radio facilities.

MAHATMA ENTERS SECOND DAY OF FAST

(Continued From Page 1)

precious life that is waning" concluded the Premier.

WARDHA AND SEVAGRAM PERTURBED

WARDHA, Sept. 2, (UPI): Wardha and Sevagram were perturbed over the news that Gandhiji began a fast last night "to end only if and when sanity returns to Calcutta." Some of the inmates of the Sevagram Ashram intend to proceed to Calcutta with a view to persuading Gandhiji to break his fast.

EVENING PRAYER IN BED

Mahatma Gandhi had been resting the whole day but had many visitors in the afternoon. He talked freely with them though his voice had become feeble. He, however, sat up for the evening prayers which were conducted without ceremony in his room. Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy joined him in the prayers.

"HOSPITAL" IN CAMP.

A small "hospital" for Mahatma Gandhi has been set up in an adjoining room with medical equipment. The hospital is under the care of the Relief and Welfare Ambulance Corps which has also posted a medical squad at Gandhiji's residence. The Hospital has one bed and emergency medical supplies.

The almost non-stop heavy downpour of rain this morning abated the likelihood of any complication; It was stated that otherwise there was a chance of the blood pressure rising.

After prayers, when visitors had gone, Gandhiji was allowed to remain as much alone as possible. He, however, went to sleep at 8-05 p.m.

COLLECTION OF CITY REPORTS.

During the day, he received several reports of incidents in the city and sent out members of his party to see things on the spot and come back to him with fuller reports. In the afternoon, when Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh, the West Bengal Premier, called on him it is believed that Mahatma Gandhi posted him with details he himself had gathered about the incidents.

ATTENDANTS.

Among those waiting on Mahatma Gandhi are Dr. Mehta, Prof. Nirmal Kumar Bose and Mr. Pyarelal, his Secretaries, Mrs. Abdur Razak, the hostess, Mr. Charu Bhushan Chowdhury of the Khadi Prathisthan, Mr. Bishen and Srimati Manu Gandhi and Srimati Ava Gandhi.

PREVIOUS FASTS

This is probably Mahatmaji's fourteenth or fifteenth fast, though an authoritative count of all the previous fasts was not available today. The first fast was undertaken in South Africa, and the longest were of twenty-one days' duration. They were in 1924 for Hindu-Muslim unity, in 1932 for self-purification and in 1943 in the Aga Khan's Palace.

WEST BENGAL GOVERNOR'S APPEAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Governor of West Bengal, has issued the following:—

"The hours are steadily, and not too slowly, wearing Gandhiji away. Soon he will find it difficult to drink eve.. the water he has confined himself to. Danger is much nearer than during his previous fasts. We can throw the blame on no outsider on foreign Government if his precious life ebbs away in Calcutta. This time it is not aliens, but we, and among us those who believe they are more patriotic than even Congressmen, that have it in their power to save his life or let him die. It would be a shame and a tragedy too awful for words if these friends, who in their folly are disturbing the peace of Calcutta, refuse to melt and cause Gandhiji's death in the hours of India's freedom.

"May I hope that Wednesday will produce a clean Bill of health for Calcutta".

FRONT PAGE NEWS IN AMERICAN PRESS

NEW YORK, Sept. 2, (Reuter): Mahatma Gandhi's announcement of his fast was given top-page prominence in most American evening newspapers today.

The "New York Sun" headed a Calcutta dispatch "Gandhi begins fast over India rioting".

KRIPALANI FOR CALCUTTA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): Acharya Kripalani, Congress President is leaving for Calcutta tomorrow morning by air.

Follow Gandhiji's "Still Small Voice Of Humanity"

POONA, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): "I am sure the hearts of all of us go out to Mahatma Gandhi in the fast which he has undertaken as a protest against communal hatred and massacre of Minorities which is disgracing our country today" said Mr. M. R. Masani, addressing the annual gathering of the College of Engineering here today.

"Mahatma Gandhi's is today the still small voice of sanity and humanity, and you cannot do better than be guided by it", Mr. Masani said. "And yet there are fanatics in Calcutta who have dared to assail India's grand old man. Do they want the Indians of today to be execrated in history along with those who crucified Jesus Christ?"

Mr. Masani urged the students to swell "the smallest Minority in India, made up of those who are only Indians and nothing else".

CALCUTTA STEADILY IMPROVING

(Continued From Page 1)

West Punjab, the East Punjab Government have appointed a Deputy Transport Controller at Amritsar. He took charge of all transport which is being collected at Amritsar. His duties are to plan out convoys into West Punjab.

About 100 trucks left Amritsar for Lahore to-day with Muslim refugees. These trucks will return with non-Muslim refugees from Lahore.

250 trucks have been so far arranged for all the routes into West Punjab, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Lyallpur, Sekhupura, Chiniot, Montgomery. They will carry enough petrol for both journeys.

Refugees from West Punjab and others who have lost touch with their relatives are invited to communicate with the Headquarters Commissioner of the Hindustan Scouts Punjab, Egerton Road, Amritsar.

MADRAS TO SPEND RS. 1,00,000

MADRAS, Sept. 2, (API): The Madras Government has set apart Rs. 1,00,000 initially for providing relief to the refugees from the Punjab who are expected to arrive in Madras shortly.

SUHRAWARDY'S APPEAL

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy has telegraphed to secretaries of all District Muslim League Committees in East Bengal earnestly requesting Bengali Muslims and Hindus not to be agitated or affected by yesterday's recrudescense of rioting in Calcutta. "The new phase is due entirely to outside elements" say Suhrawardy.

"Bengalee Hindus and Muslims are co-operating with each other for mutual trust which we hope will be re-established soon."

In an appeal to both Hindus and Muslims Mr. Suhrawardy asks them not to give away to panic or revenge". Let not West Bengal and East Bengal be turned into West Punjab and East Punjab" he says.

A truck carrying a number of persons evacuating an area under Beliaghata police station was heavily stoned. Two persons died and half-a dozen were injured in this incident. Mahatma Gandhi who is in residence in Beliaghata area, walked to the place of occurrence and saw the dead bodies.

MUSLIM REFUGEES FROM AMRITSAR

AMRITSAR, Sept. 1, (A.P.I.): With the active co-operation of the Akali leader Master Tara Singh 60,000 Muslim refugees were successfully evacuated from the villages in Amritsar District by the Boundary Force troops four days ago.

Master Tara Singh accompanied Brigadier Stuart of the Boundry Force in torrential rain on a visit to the villages and kept the road immune from incidents. The Akali leader also accompanied the refugee convoy which was safely conducted across to Pakistan.

RAIDERS ATTACK PASSENGER TRAIN

KARACHI, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): Fifteen passengers are said to have been killed, twelve others injured and four missing when a gang of raiders attacked a passenger train on the Jodhpur railway near Shafiabad in Nawabshah District yesterday.

It is reported that the raiders had tampered with the railway lines and train was derailed.

The raiders are also reported to have looted some property.

A relief train was sent from Mirpurkhas on receipt of information.

Some sporadic attacks are reported from Sakrand and other villages around Nawabshah where the District Magistrate has enforced Section 144 Cr. Pc. for one week.

Mr. M. A. Khuhro, the Sind Premier who is on a goodwill mission at Hyderabad is said to be in telephonic communications with Nawabshah. A detachment of sind Police rangers was sent to Nawabshah from Hyderabad yesterday.

D. F. Karaka: Off My Chest

The lid is off the communal black out. Mahatma Gandhi says plainly:— "I regret to have to report to you that last night some youths brought to the compound a bandaged man. He was reported to have been attacked by some Muslims. The Prime Minister had him examined and the report was that he had no marks on his body of stabbing, which he was said to have received. The seriousness of the injury, however, is not the chief point. What I want to emphasize is that these young men tried to become judges and executioners."

The ex-Premier of Bengal, Mr. Suhrawardy says: "The new phase is entirely due to outside elements. Bengali Hindus and Muslims are co-operating with each other for mutual trust which we hope will be re-established soon."

What are "outside elements.

Who instigates them?

What political or communal party organizes them?

One must have a clear and categorical statement.

For a Government (and we have a Government of the people now) it should not be difficult to trace these "outside elements" who are said to be responsible for the revival of communal trouble.

The issue to-day is very clear. No one has yet been dismissed from the Congress because he has violated the principles of the Congress. Yet it is obvious that many must have violated the Congress creed.

The time for a show-down with communal elements in the Indian Union is NOW. If the Congress shirks it, the end of that political power and of its power will be sooner than we expect.

GERMAN PEACE TREATY TALKS

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The autumn meeting of the Foreign Ministers Deputies on the German peace treaty will open in London on October 6, a Foreign Office spokesman announced to-day.

Their task will be to attempt again to reach agreement on the method of negotiating the German peace settlement in preparation for the November meeting in London of the Council of Foreign Ministers whose opening day is not yet fixed.

APPOINT KRISHNA MENON UNO DELEGATE

LONDON, Sept. 2 (U. P. A.): The South African Indian United Nations delegates said they had strongly urged the Indian Government to appoint V. K. Krishna Menon Indian High Commissioner in London as U.N.O. delegate.

It may be recalled that Menon was appointed High Commissioner on the eve of his departure for New York to attend U.N.O. Menon at the time said he hoped he would be able to attend U.N.O. at a later date.

Gondal's Munificent Donation.

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1 (API): The Maharaja of Gondal has donated a sum of rupees one lakh to Mahatma Gandhi for the relief of sufferers in Noakhali, according to a local paper.

R

CONSUMERS OF STEAM COAL and COKE are informed that during the month of September, 1947, they are entitled to get on permits already issued to them the following percentage of quotas:—

(a) Steam Coal:—	
(i) Industries	100%
(ii) Domestic Consumers and Hotels	125%
(b) Foundry Hard Coke, Coke Breeze, Soft Coke, Kulti Hard Coke and Smithy Coal	100%
(c) Deshi Bhatta Hard Coke:—	
(i) Catering Establishments	125%
(ii) Others	100%

Consumers requiring additional quota of either steam coal or coke may apply to the Provincial Coal Controller and their cases will be considered. Consumers not getting steam coal or coke but in need of the same may also likewise apply.

CUT OUT R AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

The foodgrains ration scale for the month of September, 1947 has been revised and the quantum has been fixed separately for (i) first two weeks and (ii) the latter half of the month.

The ration quantum for each of the first two weeks i.e. August 31 to September 6 and September 7 to September 13 is as given below.

The ration quantum for the remaining two weeks will be announced later.

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Foodgrains Units)	Per Child (1 Foodgrains Unit)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of one Unit
Total Cereal Ration Per Week	3 seers	1 1/2 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Rice (of any variety)	1 seer	1/2 seer	1/4 seer
Maximum available in **Wheat	2 seers	1 seer	1/4 seer
of which—			
(a) Maximum available in Wheatgrain (when available)	1/4 seer	1/8 seer	nil
(b) Maximum available in Wheatflour	2 seers	1 seer	1/4 seer
+Maximum available in Milo	nil	nil	1/2 seer
+Maximum available in Jowar (Local)	1/4 seer	1/8 seer	nil
+Maximum available in Maize	1/4 seer	1/8 seer	nil

** 1 Bombay seer of wheat is equivalent to 1½ lbs. or 24 ozs. of wheatflour.

1 seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of Bread.

1 Unit of Bread is equivalent to 28 ozs. of bread.

Bread Tickets are not issued against fractions of seers.

B.:—The concession of allowing a Bread Ticket of one unit against a child's ration card against surrender of all the cereals, will continue.

+Jowar, Milo and Maize will be issued on demand so long as the stocks in the ration shops last.

CONFERENCE OF INDIAN SHIPPING INTERESTS

M. A. Master's Plea To Govt.: British Ship-Owners' Attitude Exposed

BOMBAY, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Master, who has returned to Bombay after attending the Indo-British Shipping Conference held in London, in an interview with the Associated Press of India to-day suggested that the Government of India should call a conference of the Indian Shipping Interests for deciding the future course of action.

Mr. Master did not think that in view of the attitude and approach both of the British shipowners and the British Government any useful purpose would be served by reopening the negotiations even at Governmental level. He was convinced that the British shipowners were determined to continue their hold and domination over India's maritime trade. "They have the most active support of their Government in maintaining that position. It would therefore be futile to carry on any further negotiations", Mr. Master added.

INDIAN SHIPOWNERS WARNED.

Asked what the Indian shipowners should do to build up an Indian Merchant Navy, Mr. Master said that the next effective step they should take should be for every duly organised Indian shipping company to acquire as much tonnage as possible and run the same on as many overseas trade routes as they can. Mr. Master warned, however, against undesirable and uneconomic competition between Indian shipowners. Such a competition, he said, would defeat the purpose which both the country and the Government had in view.

Mr. Master said that it was heartening that the Delegation to the London Conference had the support of the India Government in the stand they took during the negotiations. The decision announced by the National Government to adopt a dynamic policy of developing an Indian Merchant Navy was also reassuring, Mr. Master said. It was therefore vital to the future of Indian shipping that the Government should call without delay a conference of the Indian Shipping Interests and in consultation and co-operation with them decide the future course of action.

"BUILD UP MERCHANT NAVY".

The steps which the Government should take should have as its objective the building up of an Indian Merchant Navy at least to the extent of two million tons during the next five years, Mr. Master said. He calculated that the Government of India must have paid approximately 50 crores of rupees by way of freight in importing foodgrains during the last three and a half years.

Now that a National Government was in the saddle, Mr. Master felt confident that the Commerce Minister would utilise this fact and the country's need in evolving ways and means for adding to the meagre tonnage of the Indian Merchant Navy. "Here is an opportunity for building up an Indian Merchant Navy of the future and I am sure that the Indian shipping would readily respond to the wishes of the Commerce Minister and give him the best co-operation in any scheme for the expansion of Indian tonnage."

As regards the efforts of Indian shipping to expand tonnage, Mr. Master said that one shipping company had already started the India-America-line and was contemplating the starting of India-United Kingdom Line. Another shipping company had also decided to run its ships between India and the United Kingdom and continental ports. Some new shipping companies had also acquired a few ships. All this, Mr. Master thought, indicated that Indian shipping had realised its responsibilities.

It was fundamental for the rapid expansion of Indin industries that the Government should make a clear distinction in the matter of taxation between industrialists and industries.

He said: "It is impossible for an infant industry like shipping, with the heavy burden of taxation imposed on industries in this country, to stand up against the powerful resources of similar industries of the foreign countries.

Federal Scheme For Palestine

U. N. Commission Minority's Recommendations

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter): The Federal State scheme proposed by India, Iran and Yugoslavia provides for a transition period of three years during which administration is to be in the hands of an authority designated by the United Nations. During the transition period a Constituent Assembly would be elected by popular vote.

The independence of the Federal State would be declared by the General Assembly of the U. N. after the adoption by the Constituent Assembly of a constitution incorporating the following provisions:

(1) "The Federal States to comprise a Federal Government and Governments of the Arab and Jewish States.

(2) "The Federal Governments to be responsible for national defence, foreign relations and immigration and currency.

(3) "The Arab and Jewish States to enjoy full local self-government.

(4) "The organs of Government to include a head of the State, an executive body, a Federal Court and a Federal Legislative body of two chambers, one chamber to be elected on the basis of proportional representation of the population as a whole, the other on the basis of equal representation of Arab and Jewish citizens.

(5) "A single Palestine nationality and citizenship. Non-discrimination and full equality to be guaranteed to minorities.

(6) "The Holy places would be preserved and guaranteed."

According to this plan, a permanent international body would be set up to supervise and protect the holy places; it would be composed of three representatives designated by the U. N. and one representative of each of the recognised faiths interested in the matter.

Jewish immigration into the Jewish state would be permitted during three years as from beginning of the transition period in accordance with the absorption capacity of the Jewish State, which should be estimated by an International Commission composed of three Arabs, three Jews and three members designated by the U.N. The International Commission would cease to exist after the three-year period.

ARAB AREA

The Arab area of the proposed Federal States would include most of the interior of the country except for Eastern Galilee and a large area of the Beersheba sub-district, also the coastal plain from Jaffa to the Egyptian frontier, the western portion of the Beersheba sub-district and a strip along the whole length of the Egyptian frontier.

Western Galilee would also be allotted to the Arabs, although not contiguous with the area above described.

The Jewish area would also be divided into two non-contiguous portions. It would include the coastal plain from Acre (which would be Arab) to Tel-Aviv with a finger reaching south-east from Tel-Aviv towards the boundary of the Gaza and Hebron sub-districts. It would also include the plain of Esdraelon, the valley of Jezreel, Tiberius and the Huleh valley. The Jews would also have a southern territory including part of the Hebron sub-district and part of the Beersheba sub-district.

UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATIONS

The main points of the 11 recommendations unanimously adopted by the Special Committee are the following:

(1) Earliest practicable termination of the mandate.

(2) Earliest practicable granting of Palestine independence.

(3) Shortest possible transition period.

(4) Responsibility to the U.N. of the authority entrusted with the administration of Palestine during the transition period.

(5) Concerning religious interests and the holy places: their sacred character to be preserved and access thereto ensured in accordance with the existing rights. The present rights of religious communities not to be impaired. An adequate system for impartial settlement of religious disputes to be devised. Specific stipulation regarding these matters to be inserted in the constitutions of any future independent Palestine State or States.

(6) Immediate initiation and execution by the U.N. General Assembly of an international agreement to deal "as a matter of extreme urgency" with distressed European Jews of whom approximately 250,000 are at present in Assembly centres.

(7) A basically democratic constitution of the new State or States as a prior condition to the granting of independence, the constitution to guarantee essential human rights and fundamental freedoms and the rights of minorities.

(8) As another prior condition to the granting of independence the incorporation in the constitution of basic principles of the charter of the U. N. including the obligation to settle international disputes by peaceful means and to refrain from threats or use of force against any State.

(9) The preservation of economic unity in Palestine as indispensable to the life and development of the country.

APPEAL TO PALESTINIANS

(10) An invitation to States enjoying special privileges in Palestine to renounce any rights in this respect.

(11) An appeal to the peoples of Palestine to co-operate fully with the U.N. in its efforts to "devise an equitable and workable scheme for settling the difficult situation prevailing there and to refrain from acts of violence."

The delegates of Uruguay and Guatemala dissented from the twelfth recommendation adopted by the Committee, that, in the appraisal of the Palestine question it should be accepted as incontrovertible that any solution for Palestine could not be considered as a solution of the Jewish problem in general.

Signature of the 50,000-word report was delayed here owing to "technical errors" in the text which had to be corrected at the last moment.

No Need Of Armed Pathans For W. Punjab

PESHAWAR, Aug. 31 (API): The joint delegation of the NWFP Government and the Frontier Muslim League has returned to Peshawar.

The delegation has submitted to the N.W.F.P. Premier Khan Abdul Qaiyum Khan, its report along with a letter from the West Punjab Premier.

Khan Abdul Qaiyum Khan said in an interview that the West Punjab Government did not at present require services of armed frontier Pathans but had asked for some rifles for internal security purposes and some trucks for evacuating East Punjab refugees.

CLOTH HAWKERS' LICENSES

Legislature League Party Secretary On Cancellation

Mr. Abdul Sattar Gandhi, M.L.A. writes:—

The Secretary of the Cloth Hawkers' Association has approached me, in my capacity as the Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Legislature Muslim League Party and has explained to me the implications of the Government's latest action of cancelling all the licenses (en bloc) of the cloth hawkers.

It is shocking to note that while on the one hand the Finance Minister of the Government of India, Mr. Chetty, declares that "The Government of India are not out to plunder the rich or destroy any class, but they are out to destroy poverty", on the other, the Bombay Government has cancelled all the licenses of cloth hawkers. It is, indeed, a fine implementation of the policy laid down by the Government of India.

We are told that the action is taken with a view to wipe out the black marketing in cloth. Cloth is rationed and those holding cards get their regular quotas. With all that, none can deny that huge lots of cloth are sold in the black market. This simply proves that huge lots of cloth are manufactured, over and above those declared to the Government, by textile mills, either without the knowledge of the Government or with connivance of Government officers concerned or it either means that the Government has failed to detect the source of this "Black production". Hence the act of cancellation of poor hawkers' licenses is nothing but an eye wash.

I have very seriously considered the whole situation and have come to the conclusion, that the said act of the Government is utterly unfair and unjust. Again "punishing all for the sins of few" is a novel and dangerous principle that seems to have been introduced, of late, by the Government of Bombay. Same has been the case behind the system of "Collective fines". I cannot understand in what way the principle is sound or unjustifiable. It is against all cannons of justice and fairness. One can have no objection if the Government cancels the licenses of persons found black marketing. But then to try to abolish the class of hawkers that exists in every City, town and village, is simply fantastic. It is neither in the interest of the public at large. Going from door to door and delivering the goods at the consumer's home is a system prevailing in India for centuries and to try to abolish it is, indeed, cruel.

Even a person with the meanest intelligence can understand that without the active co-operation of the producer and the wholesale dealer, a mere poor hawker by himself cannot indulge in the nefarious business of black marketing. He can only be an agent; not a master. I do not defend black marketing but what I suggest is that black marketing should be stopped at its stage of production, and that the entire class of hawkers should not be penalised for the sins of a few.

Of late, even the Bombay Corporation has also launched a crusade against the hawkers of all classes. Shops and other premises are not to be found. Government has positively done nothing substantial to relieve the shortage of premises. When hundred of houses seem to be occupied by single aristocratic families, hundreds of thousands are sleeping on the foot-paths. When all essential commodities that have gone rare and scarce are rationed, why not ration the premises? I had given this suggestion in the last Poona sessions of the Assembly. A Government which says that it shall see to the prime necessities of its subject, viz: food, clothing and shelter, has so far failed and failed miserably in bringing relief to the "teeming millions", words used so often by our present Ministers in power. I can understand about their inability regarding food; but the Government cannot be forgiven in so far as clothing and housing problems are concerned.

Government has promised to provide "equal opportunities" to all. And when a large number of people who cannot get shopping premises insist on earning by hawking, there come the Government and the Corporation and applies all sanctions against them.

My party has full sympathies with all the cloth hawkers, whose licenses have been cancelled and I assure them that we shall not be found wanting in support and co-operation in their legitimate demands.

It is, however, gratifying that now Government has decided to take strict action against black marketing. It should be clear that I do not hold any brief for the black marketeers. My only objection is that the wholesale cancellation of cloth hawkers' licenses is entirely unfair and unjustifiable. The Government has started from a wrong end and in a very wrong way. I suggest that the entire textile department should be overhauled and there should be ruthless transfers of various responsible officers and that steps should be taken to find out the root from which this cloth comes in the black market.

Under the circumstances I very earnestly appeal to the Government to reconsider their unfortunate decision and to restore the licenses. I also suggest that till the scarcity of premises is relieved, not only all the hawkers should be allowed to carry on their business but also persons desiring to take to hawking should be freely issued licenses. Thousands of young and poor people want to take to business but unfortunately, law crushes the poor and fails to provide them with the promised "equal opportunities". I appeal to the Government in the name of democracy to do something substantial for the common man. I no more can say now "God Save the King" but I can certainly say and do say "God Save the Democracy".

FOOD SITUATION IN DHARWAR SATISFACTORY

Collector Says Wheat For Seed Has Been Allotted

HUBLI, Sept. 1 (API): "The food position in the district is fairly satisfactory. Government has allotted necessary wheat bags for seeds and none need be afraid as to the getting them in time for sowing. As for jowari allotted to us from Bijapur district, there was some delay in getting them here on account of transport difficulty owing to heavy rain during the last fortnight. We have deputed four officers from here to speed up in dispatching jowari from Bijapur," observed the Collector of Dharwar at a press conference this evening.

He further stated, "we have sufficient stock of other foodgrains so as to pull on at least for six weeks from now and for further requirements I am moving the Government in the matter."

BIDAR CONGRESS PRESIDENT ARRESTED

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Sept. 1 (API): According to a bulletin issued by the Hyderabad State Congress today, Mr. Srinivas Rao Ekhelikar, President of the Bidar District Congress Committee and four others were arrested on August 29 under the defence of Hyderabad Act.

Similar arrests were made at Udgir Nilanga and Ahmedpur. The President of the Inchboobnagar Dsitrict Congress Committee, and four others were also arrested on the same day.

SPECIAL ACT TO TRY U. SAW

RANDOON, September 1. (Reuter) The Burmese Government today passed a "Special Crimes Tribunal Act" which will enable them to try ex-Premier U. Saw and four other Burmese detained in connection with the assassination of U. Aung San and six other Cabinet Ministers last month...

GUAYAQUIL SEIZED IN COUNTER-REVOLT

QUITO (Ecuador) Sept. 1, (U.P. A.): Junior Army officers today seized control of Guayaquil Ecuador biggest city and chief seaport, in a spreading counter-revolt against Colonel Carlos Mancheno, new dictator president who himself grabbed power from the Constitutional Government only nine days ago.

The garrison at Tulcan has seized the city and the Army air base near Colon and have sent planes to drop leaflets over Quito rejecting demands of the Government. Though the provinces the situation is confused as the counter-revolt spread.

In the first hours of the revolt the rebels had seized Rio Bamba, Ecuador's fourth city and the towns of Ambato and Guaranda.

U. S. Ship-Owners Fight Congress Move

NEW YORK, (Reuter). Rebirth of the German and Japanese merchant fleets forbidden under the Potsdam agreement, is likely under a bill before the U. S. Congress, according to the American Merchant Marine Institute.

A proposal before Congress would turn over to Germany 75 American Liberty ships, with a like number to go to Japan eventually, the institute told the press. These ships would be intended to transport relief cargoes and Army equipment and would be chartered, managed and manned by Germans, supplanting 3,000 American officers and seamen.

Subsidizing the German merchant fleet with 487,000 deadweight tons, it was declared, would start her off with more tonnage than was owned by Brazil, Belgium Argentina, Finland or Portugal. The Institute said the gift would make Germany fourteenth among the world's maritime nations.

U. S. Set Television Record

WASHINGTON, (Reuter): The U.S. Radio Manufacturers Association disclosed that its member companies produced 11,484 television receivers in June—a new record.

June's output brought the total for the first six months of this year to 46,389, compared with 6,476 in the whole of 1946.

200 Canadians Want British Blitz Orphan

VANCOUVER, (Reuter): The Mayor of Blackpool, England, has been asked to decide which of almost 200 Vancouver families shall adopt an eight year old British orphan-hero, Michael Ogden.

Mrs. T. E. Wilson, of Vancouver, has investigated possible new parents for the lad, who was orphaned during the London blitz. She has sent a parcel of nearly 200 applications to the Mayor of Blackpool.

"Some of the best homes in Vancouver are anxious to have the boy," Mrs. Wilson said. "I feel that the final decision should not be made here."

Michael's heroism dates back a year when he saved a baby from death in a fire and tried to fight the blaze alone.

CRIMINAL GANG OF MILAN ROUNDED UP

MILAN, September 1 (Reuter): A gang of eight young criminals—including a pretty 15-year-old brunette and the 19-year-old son of a wealthy Milan industrialist—who terrorised the Lambrate district of Milan for four months have been rounded up after a final struggle with the police, it was announced here today.

Their crimes included the murder of a policeman and many hold-ups.

HOME GUARDS CENTRE FOR VILE PARLE

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Tuesday.

The opening ceremony of the Vile Parle Home Guards Centre will take place at Shrimati Gokalibai P. P. High School Dadabhai Road (West) under the Presidentship of Sheth Jagmonandas J. Kapadia, on September 8 at 8-30 a.m. when there will be flag salutation by Lt. Col. Principal A. B. Gajendragadkar, Commandant Home Guards, Greater Bombay.

ARMS & MUNITIONS UNEARTHED

Anti-Corruption Police Raid Religious Place And Hotel Near Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE SEPT. 2 (A.P.I.):- A large quantity of arms and ammunitions was discovered when the anti-corruption police specially deputed to investigate the recent thefts of arms and ammunition from the Central Ordnance Depot carried out simultaneous raids at a religious place at Katni and at a hotel at Katni-Murwara.

It is stated that the police recovered two mortars, two hand-grenades, two detonators, one 36 rounds of bullets and other fire arms and ammunition from the religious place, while at the hotel 32 detonators were found. The ex-Karbari of the religious centre was taken into custody.

Five persons have been arrested since August 15 when the theft was discovered at the Central Ordnance Supervisor's house.

AMENDMENT OF FACTORIES ACT

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (API.) The Government of India have under consideration the revision of the Factories Act with a view to securing the safety and health of the workers.

One of the changes suggested will be that all plans for the establishment of new factories and new plants or for an extension of existing plants and premises, including plans, designs and specifications of the new buildings proposed to be erected should be submitted to the Chief Inspector of Factories so that he may satisfy himself that the design and lay-out and the construction of the factories will be such as to secure the safety and health of the workers.

Another provision is that satisfactory arrangements should be made for the disposal of industrial and trade wastes resulting from the manufacturing process to be carried on in the factory.

Pakistan Envoy Studies Danish Farming

COPENHAGEN, (Reuter). The President of the Indian Society in London, Mr. Sama Senis is visiting Denmark to study Danish agriculture and co-operatives at the request of the government of Pakistan.

On his return he will suggest an arrangement with the Danish government and Danish agricultural schools to send young Indians to Denmark to study agriculture.

THREE U.S. OFFICERS KILLED IN PLANE COLLISION

MINNEAPOLIS, September 1. (Reuter): Three United States army reserve officers were killed here today when two army training planes collided when a flight of 16 aircraft was returning from giving ar aerial salute to General Dwight Eisenhower, United States Chief of Staff, at Minnesota State fair.

The aircraft were circling in formation waiting to land when they collided.

NEWS IN BRIEF

LONDON, Sept. 2 (UPI): Mr. W. F. Maccoy, K.C., M.P. for South Tyrone, demanded dominion status for Northern Ireland at a demonstration held in Dungannon yesterday. He said: "Let Britain allow us the status of a full dominion relation and adjust the financial relations accordingly giving us those vast sums which we have sent annually by way of imperial contributions—over two hundred million pounds since 1922".

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 2 (UPI.) The Danes are rejoicing at the final withdrawal of British troops from their country. After more than two years the British Military Mission in Denmark, popularly known as the "Occupation forces" ceased to exist as the last batch of officers and men left for England yesterday.

Mr. Raomussen, Foreign Minister of Denmark, is giving a dinner tonight in Copenhagen to mark the occasion and in honour of the British Mission's last chief who is now posted here as the British Military Attache.

NAGPUR, September 2. (UPI): In a statement to the Press, Dr. B. S. Moonje, Hindu Maha Sabha leader, who presided over last Sunday's 'Lahore Day' meeting at the Town Hall, says that the Hindu Maha Sabha had no desire to break the ban under section 144 Cr. P.C., but was provoked to do so as the authorities permitted the Socialists to carry on propaganda through loud speakers and also announce their meetings. The Hindu Maha Sabha, he observed, decided to defy the ban as a protest against invidious distinction shown by the Government between one political party and another.

NAGPUR, Sept. 2. (UPI): The United Press of India learns that a drastic reduction in the staff of the Governor is being contemplated by Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar. The Governor, it is understood had a talk with the Prime Minister in this connection and it is believed orders to this effect will be passed shortly.

It may be recalled here that the Governor of Madras has already done away with most of his personal staff.

LONDON, Sept. 1 (UPI): Ram Gopal, the famous Indian dancer, who recently arrived from India will give his first performance in London in the Victoria Museum on September 17. He will also be assisting in the opening of an exhibition 'Human Form in Indian Sculpture" and will perform dances illustrating many of the exhibits on display, one of which will be a rock-cut figure of Lord Buddha dating from 6 A.D.

MOSCOW, Sept. 2 (UPI). The war in Indonesia has already, according to available data, cost Holland three thousand million guilders during the two years since the capitulation of Japan, stated the Moscow Radio today. What this expenditure means to Holland can be judged by the fact that Holland's total budget expenditure in the pre-war year of 1939 amounted to little more than one thousand guilders. The heavy burden laid on the Dutch economy leads to the lowering of living standards of the mass of people.

SOCIALIST PARTY PLEDGES SUPPORT TO MYSORE SATYAGRAHA

Autocratic Regimes In Indian States Are A Challenge To Our Security & Freedom, Says Jayaprakash

Shri Jayaprakash Narayan, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, has issued the following statement to the Press:

On the 1st of September, the people of Mysore began the last phase of their long struggle for attainment of full responsible government. The decision to launch a direct action movement was taken after all constitutional methods of reaching agreement had failed.

The Mysore State Congress which is directing the struggle had for long waited patiently for the Mysore Government to show a more responsive attitude towards their desire to arrive at a constitutional settlement by negotiation. Instead, the Government has been enforcing their power in ways that checked the freedom both of association and of expression. So now the State Congress has called on the people to assert their will to attain full responsible government. I congratulate the people of Mysore, especially the workers in mines and factories and the youth and students, for their brave and determined stand in the cause of freedom. I hope the railwaymen of Mysore will rally to the struggle and do their duty in this critical hour for Mysore.

I pledge the support of the Socialist Party to the people of Mysore in their struggle for freedom. The political power we have achieved in the Indian Union will be a frail instrument of good for the people unless we remove all the dangers that face the Union to-day. The autocratic regimes in Indian States are a challenge to our security and freedom. So the struggle of the Mysore people must be supported by every citizen of India.

"Indonesia Day"

Shri Jayaprakash Narayan, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, has issued the following statement:

The General Council of the Socialist Party has fixed September 13 as "Indonesia Day". I appeal to all Party branches to observe this day in a fitting manner and to make collections during the day for the Party's Indonesia Medical Relief Fund. I hope that the people will show their solidarity and sympathy for Indonesia by contributing and making the day a success.

KOLAR STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK

BANGALORE, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): Workers in all four gold mines at Kolar returned to work today.

Yesterday's one-day strike was in sympathy with the Satyagraha campaign started by the Mysore State Congress.

SATYAGRAHA JATHA TO MARCH ON THURSDAY

BANGALORE, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): A Satyagraha Jatha, led by the first "dictator" of the Mysore State Congress Mr. K. C. Reddy, will assemble here on Thursday and march to Mysore, it is learnt.

Leaders of the State Congress held a private meeting here today and discussed the situation.

Meanwhile, after yesterday's hartal and demonstrations, shops, mills, factories and schools have returned to their normal work.

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): On the recommendation of the Indian Historical Records Commission, the Government of India have changed the name of the "Imperial Record Department" to "The National Archives of India," says a Press note.

U.S. May Renew Export And Import Controls

GENEVA, Sept. 1, (Reuter): Mr. N. E. Dodds United States Under-Secretary for Agriculture, today told the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation—which has been discussing world food problems here for the past eight days—that the United States might renew export and import controls beyond next March.

His declaration allayed the fears of the delegates from 39 nations that the world food market might revert to a "free for all" next year.

Wallace Warns, U. S. Heading For War And Depression

NEW YORK, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Mr. Henry Wallace, United States Liberal leader and former Vice-President, declared that the present policies of the United States Congress and administration "are guiding this country towards depression and war" in a labour day speech at Detroit today.

Mr. Wallace said that the depression had already started "in some lines".

Mr. Philip Murray, President of the Congress of Industrial Organisations, in a broadcast from Kansas City said that the depression which threatened "could easily make the last one appear to be only a minor economic setback".

World's Wealthiest Girl, Doris Duke, Marries Again

PARIS Sept. 1 (UPA): Doris Duke often called the wealthiest girl in the world, married handsome, dark haired Profirio Rubirosa, ex-husband of film star Danielle Darrieux and former son-in-law of President Rafael Trujillo of the Dominican Republic. The Consul-General of the Dominican Republic here performed the ceremony.

The tobacco heiress, whose first husband was Philadelphia socialite James Cromwell wore an ankle-length dull green taffeta dress with a tiny green velvet hat perched on the side of her blonde head.

Among the official witnesses were two editors of the magazine, "Harper's Bazaar", for which the bride works as photographer editor.

Following the honeymoon the couple will return to her apartment in Paris.

She informed the magazine, "I'll keep on working as long as it does not interfere with my married life."

a quick remedy for FILARIA

ARSENO-TYPHOID

The sovereign drug for Filarial infections. It bears an unbeaten record of success since 1919 and yields to none in quickness of action

CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH ASSN LTD
6 Chowringhee Road, CALCUTTA
Branch: Shahabad Nagpur

B.S.A. Bicycles are renowned for their durability; they will give you long, happy service. They're strongly-built, they're smart, and they're speedy. You'll get the most out of a B.S.A.—so see your local B.S.A. dealer and order straightaway.

B. S. A. CYCLES LTD., ENGLAND.

Copyright: B.S.A. CYCLES LTD. ENGLAND

EASING BRITAIN'S ECONOMIC CRISIS

South Africa To Hold Talks In London

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 1 (Reuter): The South African Government "intends to make a substantial contribution towards easing Britain's economic difficulties," Mr. J. H. Hofmeyr, Minister of Finance, stated here to-night.

He said the factor of distance had so far impeded the finalisation of plans to aid Britain.

To overcome the difficulties imposed by the distance factor, the British Government had suggested that Dr. J. E. Holloway, Secretary of Finance, and Dr. M. H. De Cock, Governor of the Reserve Bank, should go to London for talks, Mr. Hofmeyr stated.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE FOR ALGERIAN MUSLIMS

PARIS, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Algeria—part of metropolitan France in North Africa with more than 6,000,000 Muslim inhabitants—will have universal suffrage and an Assembly with wide financial powers under a revised statute finally approved by the French National Assembly tonight.

The statute was passed yesterday by the Council of the Republic—Upper House of the French Parliament—but with a number of amendments which made it necessary for the Assembly to give it a second reading. This resulted tonight in a vote of 325 in favour and 86 against.

One-half of the new Algerian Assembly will be chosen by an electoral college consisting entirely of Muslim voters and the other by a college which, although predominantly French, will also include Muslims who were French citizens before the war.

A key clause in the statute provides that all decisions must be taken by a simple majority of each of the two sections, or if no majority is obtained in one of them, by a two-thirds majority of the whole Assembly.

Mrs. Naidu's Reply To Karnatak Congress Worker

DUBLI, Sept. 1 (API.) Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Acting-Governor, United Provinces, has sent the following telegram to Mrs. Umabai Kundapur, a Congress worker of Karnatak.

"My dear Umabai, I deeply appreciate the kind message of congratulations you have sent me on my acceptance of my high office as the chief servant of the people of the United Provinces in a Free India.

"I trust that I may be granted the wisdom and courage to fulfil my high task and onerous duty towards them with unfailing justice love and loyalty.

"May I congratulate you on becoming a co-sharer in the glorious heritage of independence so dearly won for us by the sacrifices of our great leaders and their followers in the heroic war of liberty just ended."

MRS. PANDIT FOR STOCKHOLM

MOSCOW, Sept. 1. (Reuter). Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, Indian ambassador to the Soviet Union, with her daughter, Miss Chandralekha Pandit, and Private Secretary Mr. T. N. Kaul, left Moscow by air today for Stockholm to buy furniture and fittings for the Indian Embassy here.

MYSORE PEOPLE DEMAND IMMEDIATE REFORMS

State Congress To Send Satyagrahis To The Palace

BANGALORE, Sept. 1 (API): Mr. K. Chengalroya Reddi, the first "Dictator" of the Congress Satyagraha Movement, announced this evening at a mammoth meeting that the Mysore State Congress would send hundreds of 'Jathas' from every nook and corner of the State to the palace at Mysore. Starting on September 4, these 'Jathas' would march through villages educating the people till they reach the palace on September 12. On September 14, there would be a huge demonstration before the Maharaja's palace.

Mr. Reddi said that the demonstration was intended to impress the Maharaja of Mysore of the intensity of the feeling in the State in favour of urgent reforms.

After these demonstrations, he said, Satyagraha movement would take more intense form. Meanwhile, he added, the slogan for everybody in Mysore would be "Mysore Chalo"

In the course of his speech, Mr. Reddi made clear the objectives of the Satyagraha movement launched by the Mysore State Congress. He said that the State Congress was not opposed to monarchy as such. The Congress was agitating for responsible Government under the aegis of the Maharaja.

Mr. Reddi said that although Mysore had acceded to the Indian Union, the administration in the State did not show much enthusiasm over the independence of India. The people of Mysore also did not feel joy over the independence won by the people of India, because the political prisoners in the State were not yet released. The agitation for Responsible Government in the State began long ago; resolutions were adopted many times by the representative Assembly of the State and memorials were sent to the Maharaja. All these, however, had brought no results, said Mr. Reddi.

He added that as a last resort the State Congress today had launched Satyagraha campaign.

TRAVANCORE STATE CONGRESS EXECUTIVE MEETING

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 1 (API): The Working Committee of the Travancore State Congress which was scheduled to meet today to take a final decision of the direct action decided upon to commence tomorrow.

Three members of the Working Committee, namely Mr. Kumbalathu Sanku Pillai, Mr. C. Kesavan and Mr. Muthukaruppa Pilla who are detained in the Central Jail have been permitted by the Government to come out on parole to take part in the meetings of the Committee, but they have declined to come out unless they were unconditionally released.

According to Congress circles the discussions which the President is having with the Officiating Dewan and the deliberations of the Working Committee so far have not reached a stage when a final statement could be made, and further discussions will take place with the Dewan before final conclusions are reached. They discount press reports of a proposal for the formation of a Franchise Advisory Committee of nine. The Working Committee would take up the matter of release of political prisoners at an appropriate time.

THREE MYSORE PAPERS SUSPEND PUBLICATION

BANGALORE, Sept 2. (A.P.I.): "Tai Nadu", the oldest local language daily in Bangalore on which pre-censorship of news relating to the Mysore Satyagraha has been imposed, has decided to suspend publication.

"Daily News" its companion English daily, and "Pouravani" a Congress daily with Leftist sympathies, have also decided to suspend publication.

Mr. P. R Ramaiah, proprietor of "Tai Nadu" and daily News" in a statement said "the pre-censorship order is a violation of the assurance given by the Law Minister and Secretary for Law at a meeting held a few days ago at the Secretariat that there would be no encroachment on the rights and liberties of the press.

"While the order has been served only on some Mysore papers, papers from outside the State have been left free to report and comment as they like. Madras papers publishing full news of the movement have already come this morning into the State whereas Mysore papers are handicapped.

"I hope the Dewan will reconsider the matter and forthwith withdraw the pre-censorship order in view of the grave situation in the country."

CHINESE CROCKERY ORDERED FOR PRINCESS ELIZABETH

SHANGHAI, Sept. 1 (U.P.A.): Princess Elizabeth has ordered a set of valuable Chinese crockery from Kiangsi Province southwest of Shanghai according to the newspaper Ta Kung Pao.

It said that Foreign Minister Wang Shih-chieh had sent a personal representative to seek the delicate chinaware for Britain's future queen.

TRADE WITH

UNITED KINGDOM, AFRICA, ADEN & CEYLON

THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.

(Incorporated in Indian Union)

Head Office : 18, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE EXCHANGE BANK provides a complete banking service backed by thorough experience of the trained personnel conducting its management for every financial operation connected with trade, investment and travel in these countries. The Bank's Branch system under complete Indian management directed from Bombay serves these countries.

Merchants, manufacturers and industrialists planning to establish, renew or extend business relations with these countries are requested to contact the management in Bombay or at any of our Indian Offices.

BRANCHES IN INDIA :

Ahmedabad, Akola, Amraoti, Amritsar, Bangalore City, Calcutta, Cochin, Delhi, Karachi, Khamgaon, Kolhapur, Madras, Madura, Nagpur, Poona City, Rajkot, Surendranagar, Tinnevelly, Tuticorin and Wadhwan City.

FOREIGN BRANCHES :

Aden, Colombo, Dar-es-Salaam, Jafna, Jinja, Kampala, Mombasa, Moshi, Nairobi.
LONDON BRANCH : 163, Moorgate, E.C. 2.

Ahmedabad Textile Workers To Get Independence Bonus

AHMEDABAD Sept. 1 (API). The textile workers of Ahmedabad, numbering about 1,30,000 will get one month's wage as independence bonus on 28th September, besides the usual bonus they got recently for 1946. Taking advantage of this double windfall in the earnings of the textile workers the Textile Labour Association has made a general appeal to all workers to subscribe to the share capital of rupees five lakhs for a labour co-operative bank which will be started shortly, primarily to finance co-operative housing societies for workers. The Textile Labour Association has also started a found for building its office in Bhadra for which a general levy of one rupee to three rupees is made on the members numbering about 51,000.

"Daily Express" Attacks England's Policy

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Britain's "precipitate renunciation" of authority in India on August 15 was a gamble with the lives of millions, Lord Beaverbrook's 'Daily Express' declared today.

The horrors of the Punjab were the result of a "hasty and clumsy policy"

"In resolving to end the British Raj, this Government undertook an operation calling for the utmost delicacy and these qualities were missing," the paper went on.

"The time-table became the dominant factor. It brushed aside human problems and paved the way to tragedy. Nothing, for example, was allowed to interfere with the drawing of new frontiers at high speed"

The same haste was shown in Britain's dealing with the Indian princes, the 'Express' stated.

"In all negotiations the Indian princes have been left 'free' to accede to either India or Pakistan, or to maintain their sovereign independence. But they have been offered no new relationship with Great Britain to replace that which they have lost.

"It is no wonder that the Viceroy was able to exercise his persuasion upon them with maximum force, and induce many of them to accede to one or other of the new dominions.

"Now this is shameful treatment. The Indian Princes have put their fighting men at Britain's disposal in two great wars. They should not now be told to shift for themselves. Rather Britain should extend to them the warmest welcome to a new and intimate association".

Dispute Between Workers And 'Intellectuals'

SOUTHPORT, LANCASHIRE Sept. 1 (Reuter): Manual workers defeated "intellectuals" in a small but bitter internal dispute at the British Trades Union Congress Conference here today.

By a seven to one majority the Congress supported the powerful Mine-Workers' Union against the National Union of Clerical and Administrative Workers, which has been organising colliery clerks and has called a strike for Saturday in support of its demand for recognition as a negotiating body by the National Coal Board.

The clerks accused Congress of "totalitarianism" for recommending them to transfer their colliery members to the Mine-Workers Union to which the majority already belong. But miners' President, Mr. Will Lawther, replied "we are not going to have dictation by threat of a strike on any issue.

"May be we do not come from the same intellectual circles as some of those who have preceded us on the rostrum, but let no one think we are afraid to face the issue."

British Firm To Manufacture Lamps In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD, (Deccan) Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): It is understood that the Nizam's Government has sanctioned proposals for the setting up of two factories for the manufacture of electric incandescent lamps and other lamps for radio sets. These companies are to be floated by a British firm with help of their agents in India. The capital to be invested in the two factories is estimated at 65 lakhs of rupees and the Government is understood to have agreed to finance this scheme to the extent of 30 p.c. of the total capital requirements in consideration of which Government will exercise considerable control over their affairs. The targets fixed for the annual production are 20 lakhs of lamps.

FRANCE TO USE GOLD FOR ESSENTIAL IMPORTS

PARIS, Sept. 1. (Reuter). France will use gold valued at 12,000,000,000 francs (approximately £25,000,000,000) for essential imports from dollar countries during the second half of 1947 the French National Assembly decided today.

LONDON, Sept. 2 (UPI): "India is the most beautiful country in the world", said Prof. K. Codrington in opening an exhibition "India in photographs" at the India House yesterday. Mr. Ferenc Berko, a photographer who worked in India in film-making and in photography from 1938 until recently and now joined the institute of Design in Chicago, was highly praised by all present.

PALESTINE AND ARAB-EAST WILL GO AFIRE

Arab Higher Committee Warns Against Implementation Of U.N. Recommendations

CAIRO, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Palestine's Arab Higher Committee tonight warned that any attempt to carry the majority or minority proposals of the United Nations Palestine report would "set Palestine and the Arab-east afire."

The statement was issued after a day-long conference. Both reports contradicted Arab aspirations, the United Nations Charter and all principles of right and justice, the Committee said.

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): As official representatives of Jews and Arabs criticised the recommendations of the United Nations' Committee on Palestine the Jewish underground organisation, Irgun Zvai Leumi, came out with a call to the Jewish people in Palestine to "prepare for a prolonged war against the British."

In a statement issued in Tel Aviv, Irgun strongly criticised the United Nations' plan for partition of Palestine, but welcomed the proposed end of the British mandate.

Meanwhile on the high seas Mordecai Miry Rosman, Leader of the illegal Jewish immigrants aboard the Runnymede park on its way to the British zone of Germany, commenting on the Arab threat to oppose by force the United Nations Committees' Palestine recommendations, said "If they try terrorism and guerilla tactics, we who fought with Partisans and the Red Army will teach them a lesson in shedding blood."

He declared the Palestine Jews could defend themselves against any Arab attack short of full scale war and "the Arabs would not dare openly to declare war on us because that would perciptate a world struggle."

The United Nations Committee's recommendations on the future of Palestine had in no way weakened the decision of the immigrants aboard this ship to resist disembarkation at Hamburg, he said.

"The Committee's report does not in the least alter our position, nor our decision to resist to the death attempts to force us off the ships at Hamburg," he declared.

"Even if an overall solution of the Palestine problem is forthcoming shortly, it will still be too slow for us to wait for it.

INSULT TO ARABS

"We are tired of waiting for justice and are now resolved to fight for our rights to the limit of our strength. We will be in Palestine long before the United Nations reach a decision".

The Mayor of Bethlehem, Mr. Isa Bendack, Christian-Arab descendant of the crusaders, said last night that the Committee's recommendations to place Jerusalem and Bethlehem under international trustship was an insult to the Arabs.

"If the United Nations accept these recommendations it is tantamount to igniting a powder keg," he said.

Mr. Bendack pointed out that the shrines sacred to Christianity had passed through two eras of occupation by Muslim Arabs and Turks who "were 'protectors' and never prevented pilgrims enjoying complete freedom of worship."

UNWORKABLE PROPOSITION

PARIS, Sept. 1 (Reuter): The Paris Delegation of the Hebrew Committee of National Liberation tonight described as "unworkable" and "a compromise with justice" the majority report of the United Nations' Special Committee on Palestine recommending division of Palestine into Independent Arab and Jewish states.

"Jerusalem has always been and will always remain the capital of the Hebrew nation", it stated.

"Palestine, the domain recognised by international law as the territory of the Hebrew Nation, includes all the land to the east of the Jordan known today as Transjordan, which was illegally cut off from Palestine by the British.

"The Hebrew people have not accepted the severance of Transjordan and will never accept further robbery of their patrimony. In Palestine there is no conflict between Hebrews and Arabs. The conflict is with the British" the statement added.

"The report is a white-washing of Britain's bloody administration. It ignores most of the geographical, historical and ethnic facts connected with Palestine and the Hebrew nation."

RUHR COAL PROBLEM

Anglo-American Commission Near Final Agreement

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1 (U.P.A.): The Anglo-American Commission attempting to workout a formula for increasing the coal production in the German Ruhr is reportedly near final agreement today.

Several members of the British-American Commission met over the week-end to draft the final reports which the Full Commission will take up this week.

Unless an unforeseen delay occurs the Commission expects to complete its work by the end of the week.

The British and Americans have agreed generally on a means of improving housing for the miners, increasing their food rations, improving mining supplies and providing more efficient management. All of these factors are expected to have a favourable influence on coal production. The management of the mines is one of the most important questions that has faced the Commission.

American Commission members have made clear that they expect to be given more to say about management.

The British are expected to make some concessions on this point.

"INDIA IN PHOTOGRAPHS" EXHIBITION IN LONDON

LONDON, Sept. 1 (Reuter): An "India in Photographs" exhibition, designed to "present to the ignorant as well as to the experienced eye a fair cross-section of India in pictures" opened at India House here to-day.

Prof. K. D. B. Codrington, keeper of the Indian Section of the Victoria and Albert Museum, London, opening the exhibition, declared that the differences between the East and West might have been lessened if people in the West had been allowed to see for themselves instead of being preached at in books.

The photographs, on a variety of subjects from ancient architecture to the latest pre-natal clinics and workers' dwellings in the cities of India, were taken by a Hungarian, M. Ferenc Berko, who spent nine years in the country.

15 PRISONERS ESCAPE

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (API): Fifteen prisoners are said to have escaped from jail of Umerkot in Tharparkar Division last night. They are alleged to have attacked the jail guard and carried away two rifles.

Guerillas Active In Greece

ATHENS, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Guerilla operations along the main west-east railway line through Tharce, which links up northwards with Sofia and eastwards with Istanbul, were reported to-day by the Greek News Agency.

Guerilla forces pursued by a military detachment in the neighbourhood of Serres, on a western section of the line, were driven off leaving 18 dead behind them one report said.

In the region of Drama, further east, Guerilla bands were stated to have come from Bulgarian territory. According to a Salonika report, guerillas from Bulgaria broke into three villages in the region of Kommotini, in eastern Tharce, and "forcibly recruited" 120 peasants and 30 women.

A military detachment drove off the band which attacked the railway station of Sxanthis, between Drama and Kommotini and also repulsed saboteurs who tried to infiltrate into the town.

Greek covering posts were reinstated in the region of Lake Prespa, western Macedonia (where the Yugoslav, Albanian and Greek frontiers converge) after guerilla forces had been driven out, the Greek agency added.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-8th Months.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.
New York and Montreal B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329.
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs. 328 1/2 not under L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3650.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 100 1/2.
New York/London Cross Rate $4.02 15/16 to 4.03 1/16.
London Discts. 3 Months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c, Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money :—Call 1/2 p.c 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c, 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone.—Easy.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED

MADRAS, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): The Madras Stock Exchange remained closed today on the news of the commencement of Gandhiji's fasting.

No Trading In City Markets

BOMBAY, September 2.

No trading was reported in Cotton, Bullion, Produce and Share Bazars today as a sequel to Mahatma Gandhi's fast.

The Bombay Stock Exchange will remain closed on Wednesday and Thursday being Parsi Holidays. Nominal quotations Tata Steel Dfds. Rs. 1510, Dyerings Rs. 1000, Kohinoors Rs. 541 and Indian Irons Rs. 32.10.

HOLIDAYS IN COTTON MARKETS

3rd Sept.: Bombay Market will remain open from 12-30 p.m. to 4-30 p.m.

4th Sept.: The market will remain entirely closed.

8th Sept.: The market will remain entirely closed.

9th Sept.: The market will remain open from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1515 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

MID-AUGUST COTTON PARITY PRICE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.

Bureau of Agricultural Economics mid-August parity price for cotton 29.14 (Mid-July 28.64, mid-August last year 25.80).

LONDON SILVER QUOTED AT 42 PENCE

LONDON, Sept. 1. (UPA.) The price of silver on the London market was today quoted at 42 pence per ounce for both spot and forward, marking a decline of one-eighth penny per ounce from the previous market quotation.

Brokers said that the market was extremely quiet, but steady.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Sept. 1. (UPA). During today's session of the London pepper market, white pepper was quoted at 2/5-1/2 and black pepper at 1/6-3/4.

NOTES TOP 150,000,000,000 MARK IN JAPAN

TOKYO, Sept. 1 (UPA). Notes held by the Bank of Japan today topped the 150,000,000,000 yen mark and financial quarters predicted this figure would increase another 25 per cent before the end of the year, indicating the country's acute inflationary trend.

NEW YORK MARKETS CLOSED

NEW YORK, Sept. 1. (UPA.) All New York markets remained closed today because of Labour Day.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Sept. 1

Silver Spot	42 pence
Forward	42 pence
Gold	168/12/3

LONDON EXCHANGES

LONDON, Sept. 1

T. T. London on :
New York selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325 Madrid 44.00 Montreal selling 4.0275 buying 4.0325 Zurich selling 17.34 buying 17.36 Stockholm 14.47 to 14.50

LONDON WHEAT

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Australian wheat (bulk)	
F. O. B.	10/3 Sept/Oct.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Sept. 1.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	65-1/2 Ex-dividend
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	104-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-1/4
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (Lon. Reg.)	113
National Bank of India	34

Switzerland Adopts New Gold Policy

NEW YORK, Sept. 1 (UPA). A "New York Times" dispatch from Zurich today said that the National Bank of Switzerland last week suddenly suspended unrestricted sales of gold coins and will resume selling this week on severely restricted quotas. The dispatch said that competent quarters believe the change initiates a new gold policy in Switzerland.

The National Bank has been attempting to diminish the existing gold stocks with the aim of minimising its effect on currency, but last March aided the International Monetary Fund's attempt to curtail gold trading on the free market at more than the official price by ceasing the issuance of gold export licenses except in the national interest. The dispatch says, however, that the sales of gold coins and gold bars remained unrestricted. Despite the high commission charge, sales of gold coins have been averaging 10,000,000 francs weekly which was welcomed because it enables the National Bank to relax some restrictions on capital transfers.

There were, however, strong presumptions that much of this gold was being smuggled into other countries and the demand remained steady owing to persistent rumours that the U.S. intended to raise the official gold price for gold bars from 35 to 50 dollars, the dispatch continued. When the suspension of the convertibility of sterling was announced, fear and uncertainty throughout the world became so great that a virtual run set in to obtain gold from Switzerland which was the only country selling to the public at a price equivalent to the official rate, the dispatch said. It added that the long standing disapproval by leading bankers and industrialists of the National Bank's constructive gold policy sharpened with the suspension of sterling convertibility. Bankers and businessmen were of the opinion that gold will never be cheaper than now so nothing will be lost by holding it, the dispatch concluded.

Tenders Fo Treasury Bills

A press communique issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay says :—

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 2nd September 1947. Total amount offered was Rs. 4,11,75,000/- (Rupees four crores, eleven lakhs and seventy-five thousand only. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-6 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 allotted approximately 38%. Total amount accepted was Rs. two crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-6-8 per cent per annum.

2. Tenders for Rs. Two crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday the 10th September 1947 in Bombay upto 11 a.m. and upto the close of business on Tuesday the 9th September 1947 at other centres (Calcutta, Cawnpore, and Madras). Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 12th September 1947. Other conditions are as usual.

3. During the week ended 29th August 1947, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,42,25,000/- (Rupees three crores, forty-two lakhs and twenty-five thousand only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

MUTT AND JEFF—Now Who's Gonna Foot The Bill — By BUD FISHER

I GOT A SHARP PAIN IN MY FOOT, GUS!
I HAD THE SAME TROUBLE! UNTIL I HAD ALL MY TEETH REMOVED!
I HAD ALL MY TEETH TAKEN OUT BUT I STILL GOT A PAIN IN MY FOOT!
IT'S YOUR TONSILS! BAD TONSILS CAN CAUSE ALL KINDS OF TROUBLE!
I DID HAVE MY TONSILS OUT, DOC, BUT I STILL GOT A PAIN IN MY FOOT!
IT'S ON THE RIGHT SIDE! HAVE YOUR APPENDIX REMOVED!
AH, I SEE YOU'RE ALL RIGHT NOW, JEFF! THE DOC FIXED YOU UP, HUH?
NO, THE SHOEMAKER DID —
—HE TOOK THE TACK OUT OF MY SHOE!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Indian Army Officer, Bachelor, age 27, Hindu of U. P. invites correspondence in strict confidence from girls of practical education and understanding. Issueless widows are also welcome. Caste and province no consideration. View matrimony. Those interested, write to Box No. 6888, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a healthy, young, cultured girl (16) any community to marry a well settled youth. Photographs essential. No expense. Apply Box No. 6324, "Bombay Chronicle."

Simple but Handsome Hindu girl, any caste, able to work as mistress in girls school and willing to travel shortly, required by a noble Patel of 25 domiciled in East Africa. Arya Marriage preferred. Write Box No. 6889, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Sanskrit Teacher for morning shift New Edu. High School, Chowpaty, Bombay. 6900

Wanted a Graduate with good general experience as a Manager for large establishment. Apply with particulars of experience and salary required to Box 6894, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted by a well-known motor company storekeeper having knowledge of accountancy, ledger-keeping. Preference given to persons knowing motor parts. Apply Box 5068, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Lady Assistant. European preferred. Box No. 6889, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an Assistant Controller of Accounts for Tata Locomotive and Engineering Company, Limited, Tatanagar, in the grade Rs. 750-50-1,000 plus usual allowances. Candidate should preferably be a Chartered Accountant or an Incorporated Accountant. Applications stating age, qualifications, previous experience and salaries drawn should reach the Chief Personnel Officer, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co., Ltd., Telco Works P. O., Tatanagar, B. N. Rly., on or before 15th September, 1947. 5034

Senior Purchase Assistant required for Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co. Ltd., Tatanagar on a salary of Rs. 300/- per month plus usual allowances in the grade Rs. 300-20-400. Previous experience of Purchase Department in a large Commercial Concern or in Government essential. Applicants must be prepared to travel for interview at these Works at their own expense. Full particulars of academic qualifications, experience, and past emoluments must be submitted to the Chief Personnel Officer, Tata Locomotive and Engineering Co. Ltd., Telco Works, P.O. Tatanagar, B.N. Rly. 5066

Applications are invited for the post of a Professor and a Lecturer in Science (Chemistry) in the M.M. Arts College and N.M. Institute of Science, Andheri. Candidates with higher academic qualifications and teaching experience in colleges will be given preference. Salary grade for Professor is Rs. 250-25|2-450 and for Lecturer Rs. 150-20|2-250 with benefit of Provident Fund after confirmation. Higher start may be given to a deserving candidate. Applications stating age, experience, native place etc., along with copies of testimonials should reach the Hon. Registrar, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Babulnath Wadi, Bombay—7, before the 15th of September, 1947. 5067

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

Wanted accommodation 2 to 4 Rooms in cottage, Bungalow or flat at any suburban locality—reasonable terms will be accepted. Write A. D. Dass C|o. Postmaster G.P.O. Bombay. 6852

TO BE LET

Available Large Flat Dadar, Small flats Byculla, Grant Road, Dhobitalao and Matunga. Also single rooms city. Call personally "Vispee Company" Balaram House, Charni Road Tram Junction, Grant Road. 6891

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry Within short period. Apply prospectus. Dental Training Institute P. B. 91. Jamnagar. 6598

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free—Consultation free—to gain lost vigour and vitality use Prith-Pal Tonic Pills. Vaidraj Sardar Jai Singh, Mahdowadi, Near G.I.P. Railway, Dadar, Bombay. 6872

INVESTMENT

Opportunity to Investors—We deal in all kinds of Stocks and Shares. For particulars read our "Monthly Share Market Report." Specimen copy free on request. Please write to M|S Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate, Ltd., 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. (710)

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

Rare opportunity for Importers of fountain pens and inks. Large consignment of world famous American Fountain Pens and Inks ready for immediate shipment from U.S.A. New and Revalidated Import Licence holders please contact Box No. 6897 "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF Stores invites tenders for the purchase of Saw dust mixed with shavings available for disposal in the G.I.P. Railway Workshops, Matunga, during the period 1-10-1947 to 31-3-1948. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Re. 1/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 26-9-1947 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

5060

GRAINSHOP DEPARTMENT
B. B. & C. I. RLY.

QUOTATIONS returnable by 11 hrs. on 19th September, 1947, are invited on Railway's form for the supply of the following commodities from the merchants possessing the necessary trade licences.

For quantities, terms and deliveries and other conditions, please apply to the Asstt. Controller of Grainshops, Churchgate, Bombay, at any time during working hours.

Earnest Money amounting to 5% the total value tendered for should be deposited with the Treasurer, Broad Gauge, Bombay, and the receipt thereof attached to the tender form.

COMMODITIES

1. Pulses.
2. Spices.
3. Edible oils.
4. Salt.
5. Coffee seeds.
6. Onions.
7. Potatoes.
8. Firewood.

(5052)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 10-9-47 for the supply of split firewood at the Railway's grainshops on the Poona Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway at Poona. (5003)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of CHIEF ENGINEER in a State having experience of Irrigation as well, in the grade of Rs. 400 to 600; apply with copies of testimonials, age, qualifications, experience, etc. to Box No. 5040, "Bombay Chronicle."

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH LOCAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India on the Branch Register of Shareholders kept at the Bombay Local Head Office of the Bank will be held at the Bombay Local Head Office, Apollo Street, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of September, 1947, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for the purpose of electing two persons to be members of the Local Board to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Sir Sorab Saklatvala and the Hon'ble Sir Rahimtoola M. Chinoy who go out of Office at such Meeting but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

By Order,
J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay.

Bombay, 17th July, 1947.

4951

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted: A non-Congress Hindu to invest Rs. 30,000 to establish new Printing Press, Fort area, Bombay. Most paying proposition. Please apply with terms to P. O. Box No. 524, Bombay. 6895

Plastic Manufacturing Co. in Bombay—present monthly production capacity Rs. 40,000/- with All India clientele and exclusive agencies of foreign raw materials, with great scope of expansion in modern plastic developments needs financier to invest upto 5 lacs. Apply Box No. 6878, "Bombay Chronicle".

Emergency Loans upto Rs. 100/- given locally. Write for details to Department E. Citizen Credit Syndicate Limited, Andheri. (6871)

Wanted to publish English, Urdu and Hindi Newspapers, periodicals and other literature to advocate the cause of the Hindus-in-suffering. Hindu and Sikh cause has suffered for want of proper propaganda and true exposition of facts. Our past indifference to Hindu interests has proved fatal. Those who are willing to assist the promoters in their earnest desire to serve the interests of the persecuted Hindu community are requested to kindly communicate with C. B. L. Bhatnagar, Post Office Box No. 524, Bombay. 6896

AGENCIES WANTED

Wanted Agency for South India, Leather goods and consumers good etc. Interested party communicate with Box No. 6892, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex stock, Refrigerators of all sizes A.C.|D.C. service guaranteed. Also Fluorescent Industrial and Domestic Lighting Fittings, Filament gasfilled imported lamps B.C. & E.S. caps from 15 to 1,000 watts any quantity delivered, Petrol oil Generating Sets A.C.|D.C., Time Switches, Insulated V.I.R. & C.T.S. cables, B.C. lampholders, etc. Apply immediately F. & C Osler (India) Ltd., Opp. Roxy Cinema. Supplies are limited as no further imports are allowed. 5036

PUBLIC NOTICES

DISPOSALS
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES
Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals)
Mercantile Chambers, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

AUCTION NOTICE

APPROXIMATELY 900 tons of STEEL WIRE ROPE black and galvanised of various sizes will be auctioned at the following places:

	Date and Time.	Location
1)	11-9-1947 — 10 A.M.	Tank Bunder Transit Depot, (Near Sewri Police Station), Sewri, Bombay. (Approx. 300 tons.)
2)	12-9-1947 — 10 A.M.	Nos. 3 and 4 Sea Transport Godown, Wadala (Sewri). (Approx. 600 tons.)

Auctioneers:—Messrs. BENNETT & CO., 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Permits to view the stores will be issued by this office. Inspection the stores at site will be arranged by the Sea Transport Civilian ers Officer, 10, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Terms of sale and further particulars can be had from this Office or from the Auctioneers. (4935)

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policies numbered 889664 and 900280 on the lives of Mr. Nadirshaw Rattanji Gandhi and Mrs. Allamai Nadirshaw Gandhi respectively of Kurla (Bombay Sub. Dist.) Duplicate Policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAN,
Manager.

Dated 3rd Sept., 1947.

6882

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 8th September, 1947 (GOKUL ASHTAMI) and TUESDAY, the 9th September, 1947 (KHORDAD SAL), those days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 29th August, 1947.

5059

NOTICE.

Harbour Engineer's Office,
Okha, D/- 27th Aug. 1947.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Marine Surveyor at Okha in the grade of Rs. 150-30-300 plus deareath allowance Rs. 40/- p.m. having the following qualifications:—

The applicant—

(1) Should be a trained hand for Civil Engineering works from any recognised Technical Institute like Baroda Kalabhavan or any equivalent and recognised Institute.
(2) Should be able to speak and write English and Gujrati languages well.
(3) Should have practical experience and knowledge of land and Marine survey, sea boring work, velocity of tidal currents for fixing positions in laying of buoys and Beacons, also of handling scientific instruments such as Theodolites levels, single and double sextents, Station pointers etc.
(4) Should be capable of supervising and exacting work from the Survey, construction or maintenance staff at the Port.
(5) Those who have got long experience of this type of work will be preferred.

The application alongwith the testimonials stating qualifications and experience should reach the undersigned before 25th September 47.

B. C. MEHTA,
Ag. Harbour Engineer, Okha.

5063

THE INDIAN TILES & FIRE BRICKS WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE INDIAN TILES AND FIRE BRICK WORKS, LTD., wil be held on MONDAY, the 22nd September, 1947, at the Registered Office of the Company at Gokhle Road, Cross Rd., No. 2, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, (B.B. & C.I. Ry.) Bombay 28, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report together with the audited accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1947.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire under Clause 138 of the Articles of Association of the Company but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration for the current year.
4. To transact any other ordinary business that may be brought forward.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 7th September, 1947 to 22nd September, 1947, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
BULAKHIDAS NARANDAS & CO.
Managing Agents.

25th August, 1947.

5062

TENDER NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, 'Construction' G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices Building Parel, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 25-9-1947 for replacing the existing Steel Palisade fencing with Brick Masonry compound wall around Wadi Bunder Yard. The tender, Schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. A set of Drawings for the work can be seen in his office on working days during Office Hours or can be purchased on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- per set. These sums will not be refunded in any case.

5061

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 84581 on the life of U. H. Rana of Miyagam, Baroda, a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the the Company within one month from this date.

ROSHANLAL,
General Manager.

6901

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policies numbered 1072057 and 1072058 on the life of B. U. RANA of Baroda. Duplicate Policies will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

(Sd.) L. S. VAIDYANATHAN,
Manager.

6901
6901

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

TENDERS

THE HYDRAULIC ENGINEER (by order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites Tenders for the supply of anti-corrosive paints for steel pipes and bridges.

Forms obtainable from the Hydraulic Engineer's Office, Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay, at Rs. 5 per copy, not refundable, money order or cash only. Closing date 24th September, 1947, at 1 p.m. (B.T.).

5069

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, Bombay Municipality, invites tenders for the supply of galvanized fittings. Tender forms, etc., can be had from his office at 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11, on payment of Rs. 2 per set.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered together with a deposit in the office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, on Wednesday, the 17th September, 1947, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.).

TENDER FORMS WILL NOT BE SENT BY V.P.P.

By Order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

5071

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS

MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on 2nd floor, Room No. 46, Wednesday, the 3rd September, 1947, at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.)

(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1947.

5070

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DIWAN SANWALSINGH HASSARAM KHUSHALANI MOTANPOTA, Sikh Inhabitant of Bombay, has contracted to sell, transfer and assign absolutely to my client the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim or demands in to upon or against the property either by way of mortgage, charge, lien, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, maintenance, lease, easements or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at "SHANTASHRAM", 146, Versowa Road, Andheri, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, lying, being and situate at Dahisar, District Thana, in the Registration Sub-District of Thana, bearing the following description.

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area	Assessment Rs.
119A	—	1 acre & 3 gunthas	9 8 3
120	1	1 acre & 39¾ gunthas	17 4 0
120	7	10 gunthas	2 5 0
120	8	12¼ gunthas	2 12 0
120	9	7 gunthas	1 10 0

and Non-Agricultural Survey No. 119B, area 18¾ gunthas.

Dated the 2nd day of September, 1947.

VASANTRAO S. PATIL,
Purchaser's Advocate.

(5049)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of 23 Chevrolet, Bedford and Austin Motor Trucks, Station Wagons, Jeep and Saloon cars, of 43-44-45 Model, in running order, with Registration Books and Petrol Coupons, Motor Spare Parts such as Pressure pumps, jeep bodies, chassis, jeep and Chev. differentials, station-wagon chassis, Head lamps, 16 tons Angles and Steel Bars, etc., on FRIDAY, 5-9-47 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mr. Sharma's Garage, Devas Estate, Love Lane, Mazagaon, Bombay, under instructions from the party concerned.

The above trucks etc., on view. Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of One Wagon Firewood and Two Wagons S/C Firewood, on Monday, 22nd instant at 12 noon (S.T.) at Byculla Goods Shed, G.I.P. Railway under instructions from G.I.P. Railway, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of Big Lots of Furniture and Surplus Stores including Almirahs, Chest drawers, chairs, tables, stools, Nawar, Mangalore tiles and Ridges, etc., on Saturday, 6th instant at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) at S.D.O. F|S Yard, Kalyan, under instructions from the C.R.E., Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of Radio Gramophone, Records, Steel Safe, cupboard, and other household articles, etc., on Saturday, 6th instant at 12 noon (S.T.) at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Court Receiver, as the Guardian appointed in Babulal Narbheram and Ors.—Minors) the above mater of the Properties of the abovenamed Minors by the Judge's Order dated 28th February, 1947 and in pursuance of the directions given in the Said Order.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE FILM 'SAMRAT ASHOK' (HINDI VERSION) PRODUCED BY BOMBAY CINETONE LTD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Pyarelal Shivprasad of Indore and Messrs. Prabhat Film Co. Ltd. of Poona, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting producers, Messrs. Bombay Cinetone Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Monday, 15th September 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction at their rooms, at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the film 'SAMRAT ASHOK' (Hindi Version), including the picture negative, sound negative and 20 positive prints and negative rights, copy-rights, perpetual rights of distribution, exhibition and exploitation for the world and all other rights and benefits in respect of this picture.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash Deposit

BENNETT & CO.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

(Established — December, 1911)

Authorised Capital ..	Rs.	6,30,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs.	5,77,50,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs.	5,76,04,580
Paid-up Capital	Rs.	3,14,20,680
Reserve & other Funds	Rs.	3,18,51,000
Deposits as at 30-6-1947	Rs.	1,20,18,49,835

366 Branches & PAY OFFICES throughout India.
Head Office:—
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

DIRECTORS:—
Sir Homi Mody, K.B.E., Chairman, Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq. Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., Nurmahomed M. Chinoy, Esq.; Bapuji Dadabhoy Lam, Esq.; Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Esq.; Sir Ardeshir Dalal, K.C.I.E.; H. F. Commissariat, Esq., Manmohandas Madhavdas Amersey, Esq.

LONDON AGENTS: Barclay's Bank Limited and Midland Bank Limited.

NEW YORK AGENTS:— The Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, and the Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

Banking business of every description transacted on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. C. CAPTAIN,
Managing Director

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges and Notables. Annual life read ing monthly details Re questions Re Horoscope of writing time required Pandit Kalpur M SRINIVASA CHARIAR Chandrika 2-B Sidams Road Tevnamper P O Madras

THE
PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
LIMITED
(ESTABLISHED 1895).
MONUMENT OF STRENGTH, STABILITY & SOLIDARITY
Offers
MAXIMUM SECURITY & EFFICIENT SERVICE
282 OFFICES ALL OVER INDIA.
Dollar Travelling Cheques Sold in Denominations of $ 10, 20, 50 and 100
YODH RAJ,
Chairman & General Manager.

"How well you look!"

There's no richer tribute to a woman's beauty than a compliment on her health. To look better than your best though, use a make-up which reflects the warmth of a healthy skin.

There is a combination of the many shades of Don Juan powder, rouge and lipstick which will reinforce your natural colouring. Let Don Juan bring out your own beauty.

Don Juan FOR NATURAL BEAUTY

Fazalbhoy Trading CO.(Western India Agency)LTD.
30, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

LIPTON ENTHUSIASTS:5

"MID-MORNING BREAK IS A LUCKY BREAK WHEN STEAMING LIPTON'S HIMALAYAN BLEND APPEARS"

THE SCHOOL MASTER

The theory of the mid-morning break in schools is that the pupils need a little relaxation so as to enable them to apply themselves thereafter with more keenness to their studies. This break is popular with the boys but it seems to be even more popular with the hardworking masters! In my school, on the dot of 11 o'clock the bell rings for break—at one minute past eleven, I am refreshing myself with a pot of Lipton's Himalayan Blend. Considerations of quality and economy make this choice blend the only one for me.

LIPTON'S
Himalayan Blend
CHOICE DARJEELING TEA

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by M. CHARLES ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay